# Specialty Gases and Equipment Product Reference Guide







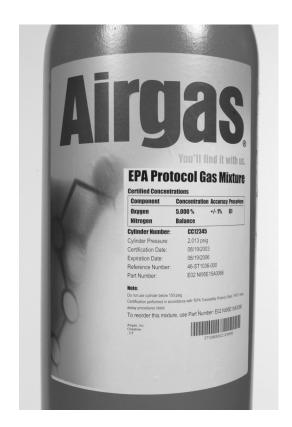
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As the largest U.S. distributor of specialty gases, Airgas® has the expertise to prepare pure gases and mixtures designed for specific analytical, regulatory or industry processes. This section includes Analytical Gases, Environmental Monitoring Gases, Mobile Emissions Testing Gases. This section also includes refrigerants, process chemicals and other unique products that you'll find with Airgas.

# Airgas Quality Policy

The purpose of the Airgas Quality System is to continually improve our manufacturing and related processes to provide our customers with the highest product purity, consistency, and service.

Among the Special Applications Gases are a full line of gases used in Environmental Monitoring, including EPA Protocols and Traceability Standards. Airgas produces its own EPA Protocol Gases at six national specialty gas laboratories and then stocks and distributes them throughout the largest specialty gas network in the U.S., helping you reduce the headaches and hassles of finding the right EPA Protocol for your facility anywhere in the country.





**ANALYTICAL GASES** 

Flame Ionization Detector (FID) Fuel Gases

Used with FIDs in gas chromatography and continuous stream hydrocarbon analyzers.

				Equipment Recommendat	tions
Concentration	Cylinder Size	<b>≈Contents</b> ft³	Product Number		Page Number
40% Hydrogen Balance Helium THC ≤ 0.5 ppm	300 200 80	298 200 76	X02HE60A3003005 X02HE60A2003005 X02HE60A803005	Two-Stage Regulators	
40% Hydrogen Balance Nitrogen THC ≤ 0.5 ppm	300 200 80	298 200 76	X02NI60A3003006 X02NI60A2003006 X02NI60A803006	Y12-N145D350 Y12-244D350	E21 E12
*39-41% Hydrogen Balance Helium THC ≤ 0.05 ppm	300 200 80	298 200 76	X02HE60A300C3K1 X02HE60A200C146 X02HE60A80C558		
Minimum of Ultra Zero Air Standard valve outlet: 350	alysis or Certificate of Batch Ar recommended for optimal ana ART 1065— Engine Testing Pr	lytical results.			

Technical Data		
Cylinder Pressure: Size 300 All Other Sizes	2400 psig 2000 psig	
DOT Class	2.1	
DOT Label	Flammable Gas	
ID No.	UN1954	

ANALYTICAL GASES

Electron Capture Detector (ECD) Gases

A minimum of UHP grade gases are recommended for optimal analytical results.

				Equipment Recommendation	ns
Concentration	Cylinder Size	<b>≈Contents</b> ft³	Product Number		Page Number
Ultra ECD Grade P-5 5% UHP Methane Balance UHP Argon	300 200 80	302 223 85	X02AR95J3001826 X02AR95J2000286 X02AR95J800995	Two-Stage Regulators	
Ultra ECD Grade P-10 10% UHP Methane Balance UHP Argon	300 200 80	302 223 85	X02AR90J3000339 X02AR90J2000288 X02AR90J804972	Y12-N245D350 Y12-244D350	E21 E12
Individual Certificate of Analysis Standard valve outlet: 350 Performance qualified to confir				* Insert Delivery Pressure Range Code	

Technical Data		
Cylinder Pressure	2000 psig	
DOT Class	2.2	
DOT Label	Nonflammable Gas	
ID No.	UN1956	



**Leak Detection Gases** 

ANALYTICAL GASES

Gas mixtures containing helium allow for more sensitive and accurate leak detection than a simple pressure test.

				Equipment Recommendati	ions
Concentration	Cylinder Size	<b>≈Contents</b> ft³	Product Number		Page Number
0.5 - 10% Helium Balance Nitrogen	300 200 80	278 208 82	Inquire Inquire Inquire	<b>Two-Stage Regulators</b> Y12-N145D580 Y12-244D580	E21 E12
Individual Certificate of Analy Standard valve outlet: 580	sis or Certificate of Batch A	nalysis available upon request.			

Technical Data		
Cylinder Pressure	2000 psig	
DOT Class	2.2	
DOT Label	Nonflammable Gas	
ID No.	UN1956	

**Nuclear Counter Gases** 

**ANALYTICAL GASES** 

Formulated for instrumentation measuring radioactivity and ionization.

				Equipment Recommendation	ons
Concentration	Cylinder Size	<b>≈Contents</b> ft³	Product Number		Page Numbe
P-10 10% Methane Balance Argon	300 200 80	302 223 85	X02AR90D3000979 X02AR90D2000291 X02AR90D804302		
P-5 5% Methane Balance Argon	300 200 80	302 223 85	X02AR95D3002178 X02AR95D2000994 X02AR95D800995	Two-Stage Regulators Y12-N245D350	E21
Quench Gas 1.3% n-Butane Balance Helium	200	163	X02HE98D2005171	Y12-244D350	E12
Geiger Flow Gas 0.95% Isobutane Balance Helium	200	196	X02HE99D200R767		
Individual Certificate of Ar Standard valve outlet: 350	nalysis or Certificate of Batch A )	nalysis available upon reques	t.		

Technical Data	
Cylinder Pressure	
Size 300	2400 psig
Quench Gas	1650 psig
All Other Sizes	2000 psig
DOT Class	2.2
DOT Label	Nonflammable Gas
ID No.	UN1956

SA



# **EPA Protocol Gases**

As the largest producer of EPA Protocol gases with six locations throughout the U.S., Airgas® has the EPA Protocol gases that customers need.

- Airgas has six laboratories with ISO 17025 accreditation through A2LA covering all EPA Protocol gases and Traceability Standards, including three laboratories with over 10 years ongoing accreditation.
- Produces and owns more NTRMs than any other gas vendor.
- The exclusive producer of EPA Protocols via the AcuGrav<sup>®</sup>, AutoFTIR<sup>™</sup>, and Automated LabPack<sup>™</sup> technologies.
- Exclusive SRM provider to NIST.
- Able to provide both online certifications and online cylinder expiration notifications.
- One of only two producers of elemental mercury calibration gases.
- Provides accurate HCl calibration gases.
- The leading supplier of ammonia calibration gases for both ammonia slip and health and safety monitoring with ±1% analytical traceability to Primary Reference Materials, with traceability down to 2.5ppm.
- NO down to 0.4 ppm, NO<sub>2</sub> down to 2.5 ppm and N<sub>2</sub>O down to 0.3 ppm concentrations.
- Proven accuracy of EPA Protocols has saved utilities millions of dollars by optimizing emissions credits (allowances) for SO<sub>2</sub> and NOx.
- Member of PGVP audit program, which Airgas helped to author.

Airgas EPA Protocols are prepared and analyzed in strict accordance with the EPA's most current guideline entitled "EPA Traceability Protocol Assay and Certification of Gaseous Calibration Standards." The guideline specifies methods for traceability to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) SRMs or other NIST-approved reference materials, which include Airgas produced and NIST certified NTRMs.

The majority of EPA Protocol mixtures from Airgas are certified to a ≤1% overall uncertainty guarantee, except where limited by the higher uncertainty of the NIST SRMs or NTRMs. All analytical certifications are performed under completely interference-free conditions. Maximum allowable shelf life is guaranteed. Documentation fully conforms to the requirements of the EPA Protocol program, in compliance with the Clean Air Act.

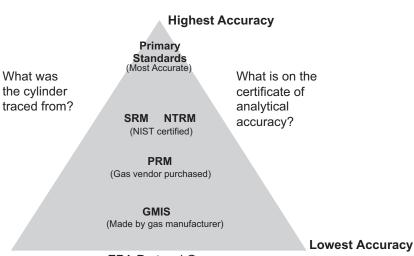
# **Traceability Standards**

To meet customer and regulatory requirements for analytically NIST Traceable calibration mixtures, Airgas offers Traceability Standards, which are analytically certified directly against either NIST SRMs or NTRMs, within a comprehensive quality system. The analytical testing process is based upon EPA Protocol production processes, including triad analysis, comprehensive instrumentation characterization, and statistical data analysis. This results in a  $\pm$  1% overall uncertainty (accuracy) with direct traceability to NIST Reference Materials. Traceability Standards are primarily used for the calibration of continuous emissions monitoring systems and engine emissions analyzers.

Combined with Airgas' Precision Blend dynamic processes, Airgas will upon request offer Traceability Standard gas mixtures with blend tolerances equal to the accuracy of the analytical system monitoring the filling operations. The analytical value of each gas mixture is validated against a NIST SRM or NTRM. Every cylinder is certified accurate within ± 1% of NIST reference material.

Airgas' line of Traceability Standards assures ongoing compliance with the calibration requirements imposed by federal, state and local authorities. Traceability Standards offer precise concentrations, homogenous composition of all cylinders within a lot, and consistency of mixtures from order to order.

Upon request, Airgas can produce Traceability Standards at one of several Airgas specialty gas laboratories accredited to the ISO 17025 standard by the American Association of Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). ISO 17025 is the international standard for calibration and testing laboratories and recognized in many industries, including the automotive and aerospace industries. In these cases, Airgas can include the accreditation body's logo and ISO 17025 notation on the accompanying Certificate of Analysis.





**EPA Instrumental Test Methods** 

**ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** 

EPA Method	Test Method Determines	Components Tested	Zero Gas*
3A*	O <sub>2</sub> % & CO <sub>2</sub> %	O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> % in N <sub>2</sub> or mixtures of SO <sub>2</sub> ppm &/or NO <sub>2</sub> ppm + O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> % in N <sub>2</sub>	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
3 & 3B	O <sub>2</sub> % & CO <sub>2</sub> % using an ORSAT	O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> % in N <sub>2</sub> for Audit	
3C	CO <sub>2</sub> %, O <sub>2</sub> %, N <sub>2</sub> % & CH <sub>4</sub> ppm using a thermal conductivity detector (TCD) gas chromatograph	CO <sub>2</sub> , CH <sub>4</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> , and other gas components	Carrier Gas. Helium, high-purity
6C*	SO <sub>2</sub> ppm from stationary sources	SO <sub>2</sub> ppm in Air or N <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> ppm &/or O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> % in N <sub>2</sub>	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
7E*	NO <sub>x</sub> ppm from stationary sources	${ m NO_x}$ ppm in ${ m N_2}$ other mixtures may be used if no interference is caused. ${ m NO_2}$ for Converter Efficiency	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
10*	CO ppm from stationary sources	CO ppm in N <sub>2</sub> other mixtures may be used if no interference is caused	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
10A	CO ppm CEM at petroleum refinery	CO ppm in N <sub>2</sub>	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
10B	CO ppm from stationary sources	CO ppm in N <sub>2</sub> & CH <sub>2</sub> in air	(Helium zero/Hydrogen zero)
15	TRS Emissions from sulfur recovery plants in petroleum refinery	H <sub>2</sub> S in N <sub>2</sub> & COS in N <sub>2</sub> & CS <sub>2</sub> in N <sub>2</sub> traceable	<0.5 ppm TRS with <10 ppm H <sub>2</sub> O & (Oxygen Zero/Zero Nitrogen)
15A	TRS Emissions from sulfur recovery plants in petroleum refinery	COS in N <sub>2</sub>	<50 ppb TRS with <10 ppm Hydrocarbons
16	TRS Emissions from Kraft Pulp Mills	H <sub>2</sub> S in N <sub>2</sub> & MeSH in N <sub>2</sub> & DMS in N <sub>2</sub> & DMDS in N <sub>2</sub> traceable	<50 ppb TRS with <10 ppm Hydrocarbons
16A	TRS Emissions from Kraft Pulp Mills	H <sub>2</sub> S in N <sub>2</sub>	<50 ppb TRS with <10 ppm Hydrocarbons
16B	TRS Emissions from Kraft Pulp Mills	SO <sub>2</sub> in N <sub>2</sub> & H <sub>2</sub> S in N <sub>2</sub>	<50 ppb TRS with <10 ppm Hydrocarbons
18	Gaseous Organic Compound Emissions by Gas Chromatography	VOC ppm in N <sub>2</sub> <1-2% or NIST traceable	Defined by CFR 51 Appendix M Method 205
21	Volatile Organic Compound Leaks	VOC ppm in N <sub>2</sub> or Air <2%	<10 ppm VOC
25	Total Gaseous Nonmethane Organic Emissions (TGNMO) as Carbon	CO, CH <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> , hexane, toluene, and methanol each in air <1%	He, Air & O <sub>2</sub> <1ppm HC & CO <sub>2</sub> <1ppm & <0.1ppm HC
25A	Total Gaseous Organic Emissions using FID	$C_2H_6$ , $C_3H_8$ , $C_4H_{10}$ or appropriate in $N_2$ or Air <2%	Defined by CFR 51 Appendix M Method 205
25B	Total Gaseous Organic Emissions using NDIR	$C_2H_6$ , $C_3H_8$ , $C_4H_{10}$ or appropriate in $N_2$ or Air <2%	Defined by CFR 51 Appendix M Method 205
25C	Non Methane Organic Compounds (NMOC) in MSW landfill gases	CO, CH <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> , hexane, toluene, and methanol each in air <1%	<10 ppm VOC
25D	Volatile Organic Concentration of Waste Samples	% propane and % 1,1-dichloroethylene in N <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> , Air & O <sub>2</sub> <1ppm C
25E	Phase Organic Concentration in Waste Samples	% propane in N <sub>2</sub> or Air NIST traceable	N <sub>2</sub> , Air & O <sub>2</sub> zero grade <ppm c<="" td=""></ppm>
30A	Hg <sup>0</sup> μg/m <sup>3</sup> from stationary sources	Hg <sup>0</sup> & HgCl <sub>2</sub> μg/m <sup>3</sup> in N <sub>2</sub> or Air NIST traceable	No measurable Hg
30B	Hg <sup>0</sup> μg/m <sup>3</sup> from stationary sources	Hg <sup>0</sup> & HgCl <sub>2</sub> μg/m <sup>3</sup> in N <sub>2</sub> or Air NIST traceable	No measurable Hg

\*These test methods were revised in August 2006 and advise using Zero Air / Zero Nitrogen that fits the definition of CFR 40 72.2 as the low point, oppose to a low level concentration pollutant.

EPA PS#	CEM Performance Specification for	Components (recommended but need not be certified)	Zero Gas (need not be certified)
PS 2	SO <sub>2</sub> ppm &/or NO <sub>2</sub> ppm	SO <sub>2</sub> ppm &/or NO <sub>2</sub> ppm in N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 3	O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> %	O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> % in N <sub>2</sub> for Audit	
PS 4	CO ppm	1000 CO ppm on N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 4A	CO ppm	<200 CO ppm on N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 5	TRS ppm	H <sub>2</sub> S ppm or other TRS in N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 7	TRS ppm	H <sub>2</sub> S ppm or other TRS in N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 8	VOC ppm	CH <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> , C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> ppm or appropriate in N <sub>2</sub> or Air	
PS 9	Specific VOC ppm by GC	Specific VOC ppm in N <sub>2</sub> or Air <2%	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
PS 12	Hg	Hg in N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 12A	Hg	Hg in N <sub>2</sub>	
PPS 011 ETV Verification	NH <sub>3</sub> ppm	NH <sub>3</sub> in N <sub>2</sub> NIST or N <sub>mi</sub> <3%	
PS-18	HCI ppm	HCl in N <sub>2</sub>	Defined by CFR 40 72.2

Proposed Method 322 - HCI Emissions from Portland Cement Kilns by GFCIR 3/11/98 (WordPerfect version).

Proposed Method 323 - Measurement of Formaldehyde Emissions from Natural Gas-Fired Stationary Sources - Acetyl Acetone Derivitization

Method (FR Vol. 68, No. 9, Tuesday, Jan. 14, 2003 Pgs. 1925-1929).

# **Special Applications**



**ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** 

**EPA Protocols and Traceability Standards** 

EPA Protocol Gas Mixture	es				Equipment Recommendation
	Concentration Range	CGA Connection	Cylinder Size*	Contents ft3**	Recommended Two-Stage Regulator
Carbon Dioxide in Air	300 ppm - < 1% 1% - 30%	590	150A	143	Y12-T265D590 <b>E23</b>
Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	300 ppm - < 1% 1% - 30%	580	150A	140	Y12-T265D580 <b>E23</b>
Carbon Monoxide in Air	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 6.25%	590	150A	143	Y12-T265D590 <b>E23</b>
Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 13%	350	150A	140	Y12-T265D350 <b>E23</b>
Hydrogen Sulfide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - 1000 ppm	330	150A	140	Y12-C445D330 <b>E28</b>
Methane in Air	0.5 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - 1000 ppm	590	150A	143	Y12-N245D590 <b>E21</b>
Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	0.4 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - 5000 ppm	660	150A	140	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Oxygen in Nitrogen	1000 ppm - <1% 1% - 30%	<5% CGA 580 ≥5% - 23.5% CGA 590 >23.5% CGA 296	150A	140	Y12-N245D (CGA) <b>E21</b>
Propane in Air	0.25 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <0.1% 0.1% - 1%	590	150A	143	Y12-N245D590 <b>E21</b>
Propane in Nitrogen	0.25 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <0.1% 0.1% - 1%	350	150A	140	Y12-N245D350 <b>E21</b>
Sulfur Dioxide in Air	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 5000 ppm	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Sulfur Dioxide n Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 5000 ppm	660	150A	140	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Sulfur Dioxide, Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - 5000 ppm 0.4 ppm - 5000 ppm	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Sulfur Dioxide, Oxygen in Nitrogen	2 ppm - 5000 ppm 0.1% - 30%	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Carbon Dioxide, Oxygen in Nitrogen	300 ppm - 30% 0.1% - 30%	<5% CGA 580 ≥5% - 23.5% CGA 590 >23.5% CGA 296	150A	143	Y12-N245D (CGA) <b>E21</b>
Sulfur Dioxide, Nitric Oxide, Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - 5000 ppm 2 ppm - 5000 ppm 300 ppm - 30%	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Sulfur Dioxide, Nitric Oxide, Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - 5000 ppm 2 ppm - 5000 ppm 2 ppm - 13%	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Sulfur Dioxide, Nitric Oxide, Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - 5000 ppm 2 ppm - 5000 ppm 300 ppm - 30% 2 ppm - 13%	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>

<sup>\*</sup>Airgas® EPA Protocol gases are supplied in aluminum cylinders, sizes 150A, 80A, and 33A.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Contents represent approximations; actual volumes are determined by the concentrations of the minor components.



**CEM Daily Calibration Standards** 

**ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** 

Where EPA Protocol Standards are not required, Continuous Emissions Monitoring (CEM) Daily Calibration Standards are blended to the same exacting standards, are NIST Traceable, and have an analytical accuracy of  $\pm$  2%. In addition to those

components and combinations of components listed as EPA Protocol Standards, the following mixtures are available as daily calibration standards:

<b>CEM Daily Calibration Gase</b>	s				<b>Equipment Recommendations</b>
Daily Calibration Standards	Concentration Range	CGA Connection	Cylinder Size	Contents ft <sup>3</sup>	Recommended Two-Stage Regulator
Ammonia in Nitrogen	5 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 4%	705	150A	140	Y12-T265D705 <b>E23</b>
Carbon Dioxide in Air	300 ppm - <1% 1% - 30%	590	150A	143	Y12-T265D590 <b>E23</b>
Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	300 ppm - <1% 1% - 30%	580	150A	140	Y12-T265D580 <b>E23</b>
Carbon Monoxide in Air	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 6.25%	580	150A	143	Y12-T265D590 <b>E23</b>
Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 20%	350	150A	140	Y12-T265D350 <b>E23</b>
Hydrogen Chloride in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - 1000 ppm	330	150A	140	Y12-T265D330 <b>E23</b>
Hydrogen Sulfide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - 1000 ppm	330	150A	140	Y12-T265D330 E23 E23
Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 6.25%	660	150A	140	Y12-T265D660 <b>E23</b>
Oxygen in Nitrogen	100 ppm - <1% 1% - 30%	<5% CGA 580 ≥5% -23.5% CGA 590 >23.5% CGA 296	150A	140	Y12-T265D590/296 <b>E23</b>
Propane in Air	1 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 1%	590	150A	143	Y12-T265D590 <b>E23</b>
Propane in Nitrogen	1 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 2%	350	150A	140	Y12-T265D350 <b>E23</b>
Sulfur Dioxide in Air	5 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 2%	660	150A	143	Y12-T265D660 <b>E23</b>
Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen	5 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 2%	660	150A	140	Y12-T265D660 <b>E23</b>

CEM Zero Gases						Equipment Recommendations
Gas		Purity cifications	CGA Connection	Cylinder Size	Contents ft <sup>3</sup>	Recommended Two-Stage Regulator
CEM Zero Air*	O <sub>2</sub> CO CO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> THC	20% - 21% ≤ 0.5 ppm ≤ 1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm	80A	150A 76	144 <b>E23</b>	Y12-T265D590
CEM Zero Nitrogen*	CO CO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> THC	≤ 0.5 ppm ≤ 1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm	580	150A 80A	140 76	Y12-T265D580 <b>E23</b>
Follows CFR Specifications for zero am Batch Certificates of Analysis included *Meets the requirements of CFR 72.2						



**ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** 

Non EPA Protocol Calibration Gases

# **Elemental Mercury Gas Specifications**

- Concentrations range from 1 μg/M³ to 60 μg/M³ (100ppT to 6ppB)
- Balance Air or Nitrogen
- Pressure (depending on cylinder size) 300A's = 2000 PSIG (5500 Usable Liters) 150A's = 1800 PSIG (3600 Usable Liters)
- Directly traceable to NIST certified Vendor Prime Mercury Generator
- Analytical Accuracy ±5% (currently)
- 6 month stability

# How will elemental mercury calibration gas cylinders be used

- Traceability Protocol for Elemental Mercury Gas Generators routine audit test.
- Instrumental Test method 30b (spiking)
- Substitute for mercury gas generators (broken, failures, etc.)
- Overall independent spot check for systems.

# **Ammonia Calibration Standards**

# Accurate to keep you compliant and safe

- Comply with your Title V monitoring requirements.
- Traceable to VSL (Dutch National Laboratory) and NIST
- Non Traceable available
- Meets the requirements of EPA tests for stationary source monitoring such as:

Preliminary Performance Specification 001 (PPS-001) Ammonia CEMS

http://www.epa.gov/ttn/emc/prelim.html
Molybdenum vs. Stainless Steel differential
converter test Method 7E – NOx – Instrumental
http://www.epa.gov/ttn/emc/promgate.html

 OSHA monitoring test gas for: OSHA permissible exposure limit (PEL) of 50 parts per million (ppm)

per million (ppm)
The OSHA (former) standard of 35 ppm (as a 15 minute Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL))
http://www.ufcw.org/your\_industry/manufacturing/safety health news and facts/ammonia hazards.cfm

### **FEATURES:**

- Ranges from 5 ppm to 1,000 ppm
- 12 month stability
- Traceable to VSL and NIST
- Available in Air and Nitrogen

# **ZERO GAS**

EPA requires the use of Zero gas that meets the requirements of 40 CFR 72.2 in EPA CFR 40 part 60 EPA test methods, and EPA CFR 40 Part 75.

Airgas® Standard Operating Procedures assure that we provide a certification verifying that the contents meet CFR 40 72.2 that the calibration gas does not contain concentrations of SO<sub>2</sub>, NOx, or total hydrocarbons above 0.1 parts per million (ppm), a concentration of CO above 1 ppm, or a concentration of CO<sub>2</sub> above 400 ppm.

# **Hydrogen Chloride (HCI)**

Airgas has performed extensive stability studies and has documented the stability of HCl mixtures supporting the 12 month certification period. Airgas provided HCl mixtures pass the stringent PADEP requirements for HCl used for calibration of CEMS as well as many applications including incineration, waste to energy facilities, and industrial hygiene.

HCI mixture specifications:

Cylinder size: 150A 300A

Concentrations: 2 ppm-1000 ppm

Shelf Life: 6 months for PADEP HCI (or other states

requiring 6 months)
12 months elsewhere

Meets the requirements of US EPA HCI Performance Specification PS-18

www.airgas.com



# Certification Periods for EPA Protocol gases in accordance with the May 2012 "EPA Traceability Protocol for Assay and Certification of Gaseous Calibration Standards"

Certified Component	Balance Gas	Applicable range	Certification period (months)
Ammonia	Nitrogen	≥5 ppm	12
Carbon dioxide	Air	≥360 ppm	96
Carbon Dioxide	Nitrogen	≥100 ppm	96
Carbon monoxide	Nitrogen or Air	≥2 ppm	96
Hydrogen Sulfide	Nitrogen	≥2 ppm	36
Methane	Nitrogen or Air	≥1 ppm	96
Nitric Oxide	Nitrogen (O <sub>2</sub> -free)	0.5 to 50 ppm	36
Nitric Oxide	Nitrogen (O <sub>2</sub> -free)	≥50 ppm	96
Nitrous Oxide	Air	≥0.3 ppm	96
Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>2</sub> )	Air	≥3 ppm	36
Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>2</sub> )	Nitrogen (O <sub>2</sub> doped)	≥3 ppm	36
Oxygen	Nitrogen	≥0.2%	96
Propane	Air	>0.25 ppm	96
Propane	Nitrogen	>0.25 ppm	96
Sulfur Dioxide	Nitrogen or Air	1 to 50 ppm	48
Sulfur Dioxide	Nitrogen or Air	≥50 ppm	96
Mixtures with lower concentrat	ions are certified for 6 months.		

An EPA Protocol mixture can be recertified if the residual pressure after analysis is >100psig

# **Check your Certificates of Analysis (COA):**

The contents of the Certification of Analysis and sidewall label that are provided with each EPA Protocol gas cylinder are extremely important. These are frequently reviewed by local, state and EPA air quality enforcement personnel to ensure they meet mandatory requirements. A quick check of your COA can save you fines and aggravation. The following are the minimum requirements for information on an EPA Protocol gases COA:

- 1. Cylinder identification number (e.g. stamped cylinder number)
- 2. The certified concentrations for the assayed components of the Protocol gas, with values provided to at least 3 significant figures, and the balance gas
- 3. The calculated estimate of 95% uncertainty for each named component
- 4. Cylinder pressure at certification and statement that the Protocol gas cannot be used below 100psig, i.e. 0.7 megapascals
- 5. Dates of the assays and certification. The certification date is the date of the last assay
- 6. Certification expiration date
- 7. Information about each reference standard used in the assay:
  - a. For an NTRM, RGM or PRM: standard type, cylinder number, certified concentration, expanded uncertainty, certification expiration date
  - b. For a GMIS: cylinder number, certified concentration, expanded uncertainty, expiration date plus information (7.a.) about the reference material used in certifying the GMIS
- 8. Statement that the assay/certification was performed according to EPA Protocol document EPA 600/R-12/531 plus the Procedure used: G1 or G2
- 9. The analytical method(s) used in the assays and date of the most recent multipoint calibration for each instrument used in the assays
- 10. Identification of the specialty gas producer: Company, laboratory name, city and state, PGVP vendor ID
- 11. Chronological record of all certifications for the standard

EPA Protocol mixtures are certified down to a minimum use pressure of 100psig

O<sub>2</sub>-free Nitrogen contains <100ppB of oxygen

<sup>\*</sup> As required by "EPA Traceability Protocol Assay and Certification of Gaseous Calibration Standard (EPA 600/R-12/531 May 2012) Documentation"

<sup>\*\*</sup> In some cases the states and local air agencies can ask for more information on a Certificate of Analysis.



**ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** 

**Air Toxics Monitoring** 

### EPA TO-14 Calibration Standard - 42 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen

Dichlorodifluoromethane 4-Ethyltoluene Trichloroethylene Benzene 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,3-Butadiene Ethyl Chloride Trichlorofluoromethane Carbon Tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloroethane Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane Chlorobenzene 1,1-Vinylidene Chloride Methyl Bromide 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Chloroform cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene Styrene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Vinyl Chloride Chloromethane Dichloromethane 1,2-Dichloropropane Tetrachloroethylene m-Xylene 3-Chloropropylene cis-1.3-Dichloropropene o-Xvlene 1.2-Dibromoethane Toluene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene p-Xylene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,4-Dichlorobenzene Ethylbenzene 1,1,2-Trichloroethane

### EPA TO-14 Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Mixture (16 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

Carbon Tetrachloride Chloromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene Tetrachloroethylene 1,2-Dichloropropane Trichloroethylene Chloroform 1.1-Dichloroethane 1.1-Dichloroethylene Dichloromethane cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Vinyl Chloride

o-Xylene

### EPA TO-14 Aromatics Mixture (14 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

Benzene1,2-Dichlorobenzene1,4-DichlorobenzeneStyreneToluene1,2,4-Trimethylbenzenem-Xylenep-XyleneChlorobenzene1,3-DichlorobenzeneEthylbenzene

### EPA TO-14 CFC/HCFC Mixture (4 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

Halocarbon 11 Halocarbon 113 Halocarbon 12 Halocarbon 114

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

### EPA TO-14 GC/MS Internal Standard (3 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

Bromochloromethane Chlorbenzene - D5 1,4-Difluorobenzene

# EPA TO-14 Internal/Tuning Standard (3 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

Bromochloromethane Chlorbenzene - D5 Bromofluorobenzene

### BTEX Mixture (6 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

Benzene m-Xylene Ethylbenzene o-Xylene Toluene p-Xylene



### **Mobile Emissions Monitoring**

### **ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING**

Airgas® provides a complete range of certified California BAR (Bureau of Automotive Repair) blends for emissions certification, state vehicle inspection and IM testing, and independent testing laboratories. Products include both standard and enhanced emission monitoring gases, multiple component gases for test equipment calibration, and Vehicle Emission Zero Air used prior to every vehicle test. Gases are produced in California BAR-certified facilities using a dynamic blending process that ensures repeatable calibration accuracy.



### **Bar-97 Calibration Gases**

	State auto emissions programs using ei	ther 2-speed i	idle testing or loaded mode testing
ĺ	Calibration & Audit Gases	Concent	rations
	Low-Range BAR-97 with Nitric Oxide (NO) Blend Code 32	200 ppm 0.50% 6.0% 300 ppm Balance:	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitric Oxide (NO) (< 3 ppm NO <sub>2</sub> ) Oxygen-free Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )
	High-Range BAR-97 with Nitric Oxide (NO) Blend Code 35	3200 ppm 8.00% 12.0% 3000 ppm Balance:	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitric Oxide (NO) (< 3 ppm NO <sub>2</sub> ) Oxygen-free Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )
	BAR-97 Vehicle Emission Zero Air Blend Code 37	<1 ppm <1 ppm <400 ppm <1 ppm 20.9% Balance:	Total Hydrocarbons (THC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitric Oxide (NO) Oxygen (O <sub>2</sub> ) Oxygen-free Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )
	High-Range BAR-97 Blend Code 34	3200 ppm 8.00% 12.0% Balance:	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Oxygen-free Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )

# **Bar-90ET & Earlier Calibration Gases**

Used for auto emissions inspection and IM programs using 2-speed idle testing

Calibration & Audit Gases	Concent	rations
Low-Range BAR-90ET Blend Code 11	300 ppm 1.00% 6.0% Balance:	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )
Mid-Range BAR-90ET Blend Code 12	1200 ppm 4.00% 12.0% Balance:	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )
Low-Range BAR-84 Blend Code 13	600 ppm 1.60% 11.0%	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitrogen (N-)

Note: For a complete listing of blends and audit standards contact your local Airgas® representative.

# **IM240 NOx Converter Efficiency Test Mix**

A mixture of 200 ppm Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2) in Air, which is used for the weekly check of the NOx converter in a Chemiluminescent analyzer.

+/\_ 100 ppm Blend tolerance: absolute

Analytical tolerance: +/- 2% Expiration date: 12 months

### **IM240 FID CHECK GAS**

The mixture is 50 ppm Methane in Air used for the monthly check of the response of the Hydrocarbon analyzer.

Blend tolerance: +/\_ 5% relative Analytical tolerance: +/\_ 2% relative Expiration date: 36 months

### **IM240 SPAN GAS\***

Components	Balance Gas	Accuracy	Expiration
Carbon Monoxide	Air or Nitrogen	+/_ 2%	36 months
Carbon Dioxide	Air or Nitrogen	+/_ 2%	36 months
Propane	Air only	+/_ 2%	36 months
Nitric Oxide	Nitrogen only	+/_2%	24 months

Analytical results are directly traceable to NIST. Blend tolerance shall be no more than +/- 5% relative.

### **IM240 Audit Gas** IM240 Calibration Gas\*

These products can be single or multicomponent gases with the following limitations:

Components	Balance Gas	Accuracy	Expiration
Carbon Monoxide	Air or Nitrogen	+/_ 1%	36 months
Carbon Dioxide	Air or Nitrogen	+/_ 1%	36 months
Propane	Air only	+/_ 1%	36 months
Nitric Oxide	Nitrogen only	<sup>+</sup> / <sub>-</sub> 1%	24 months

Analytical results are directly traceable to NIST. Blend tolerance shall be no more than +/- 5% relative.

### **IM240 FID OXIDIZER**

A mixture of 18-21% Oxygen in Nitrogen or Argon, used as the oxidant gas for the Hydrocarbon analyzer.

THC < 1 ppm

### **IM240 FID FUEL GAS**

A mixture of 40% Hydrogen in Helium used as the fuel gas for the Hydrocarbon analyzer. Blend tolerance: +/- 2% absolute

THC < 1 ppm

\*IM240 Calibration and Span gases will be supplied with a Certificate of Analysis.



AIRGAS® LASERPLUS™ GASES

**Pure Laser Gases** 

Airgas® offers a complete line of Airgas® Laser*PLUS*<sup>TM</sup> gases. To meet the precise and consistent purity specifications needed for optimal laser performance, we produce our Airgas® Laser*PLUS*<sup>TM</sup> gases under the strictest quality control. Our manufacturing facilities incorporate the highest standards to help ensure that each cylinder meets or exceeds required purity and tolerance levels.



Purity Specifications	Minimum Purity	O <sub>2</sub>	H₂O	THC
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS™</i> Helium	99.998%	-	<5	<1
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ Nitrogen	99.998%	-	<5	<1
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ Carbon Dioxide	99.995%	-	<5	<5
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ Helium Ultra	99.999%	<1	<2	<0.5
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ Nitrogen Ultra	99.999%	<1	<2	<0.5
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ Carbon Dioxide Ultra	99.996%	<10	<5	<1
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS™</i> Argon	99.998%	-	<5	<1
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS™</i> Oxygen	99.98%	-	<5	<1

			Ordering Information	
PRODUCT	Cylinder Size	Volume ft <sup>3</sup>	Cylinder Pressure at 70°F (psig)	Product Number
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™	300	291	2,640	Inquire
Helium	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 580	request.	
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Nitrogen	300	304	2,640	Inquire
Nitrogen	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 580	request.	
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Carbon Dioxide	200	60 lb	838	Inquire
Carbon Bloxide	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG			
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Helium Ultra	300	291	2640	Inquire
Hellulli Ollia	Individual or batch Certificate of Analysis is available upon request. Standard value outlet: CGA 580			
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Nitrogen Ultra	300	304	2640	Inquire
- Innogon on a	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 580	request.	
Airgas <sup>®</sup> Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Carbon Dioxide Ultra	200	60 lb	2640	Inquire
	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 320	request.	
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Argon	300	336	2640	Inquire
Aigon	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 580	request.	
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Oxygen	300	337	2640	Inquire
O.Aygun	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 540	request.	

Technical	Data & Shipping Information
DOT Class	2.2
DOT Label	Nonflammable Gas
ID No.	Helium: UN1046 Nitrogen: UN1066 Carbon Dioxide: UN1013 Argon: UN 1006 Oxygen: UN 1072



Laser Gas Mixtures AIRGAS® LASERPLUS™ GASES
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Product Name	CO <sub>2</sub> (%)	N <sub>2</sub> (%)	He (%)	CO (%)	H <sub>2</sub> (%)	O <sub>2</sub> (%)	Xe (%)
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 201		90				10	
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 302	1.7	23.4	74.9				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 320	4.5	13.5	82				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 321	5	55	40				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 323	6	20	74				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 324	3.4	15.6	81				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 327	6	18	76				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 328	12	12	76				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 331	5	35	60				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 471	15	2	79		4		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 472	8	16	74	2			
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 475	8	8	82	2			
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 477	8	16	72	4			
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 483	8	60	28	4			
Airgas® LaserPLUS™485	10	23.7	65.1		1.2		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 579	9	18	68.7	4	0.3		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 581	7.5	15	74.25	3	0.25		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 584	8	16	71.6	4	0.4		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 690	4	19	65	6		3	3

	Ordering Information					
PRODUCT	Cylinder Size	Volume*	Connection	Product Number		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 201	300	304	590	Inquire		
	200	216	590	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 302	300	258	580	Inquire		
	200	196	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 320	300	259	580	Inquire		
	200	196	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 321	300	268	580	Inquire		
	200	203	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS™</i> 323	300	259	580	Inquire		
	200	196	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 324	300	259	580	Inquire		
	200	196	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS™</i> 327	300	260	580	Inquire		
	200	197	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 328	300	262	580	Inquire		
	200	198	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 331	300	262	580	Inquire		
	200	199	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 471	300	262	350	Inquire		
	200	200	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 472	150A	133	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 475	150A	132	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 477	150A	133	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 483	150A	140	350	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 485	300	261	350	Inquire		
	200	197	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 579	150A	133	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 581	150A	132	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 584	150A	133	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 690	650RAL	285 (liters)	350	Inquire		

<sup>\*</sup>Actual volume may vary depending on fill pressure



# Think Airgas for Refrigerants

# Refrigerant Gases

Free next day delivery



Airgas Refrigerants, Inc., is the leading, nationwide, refrigerant supplier, offering the widest selection of refrigerants available from coast-to-coast. We provide free next day delivery to anywhere in the contiguous United States. Whether you're looking for out-of-production CFC's such as R-12, R-11 or R-113 or one of the new alternative refrigerants such as R-407A, R-407C, R-407F, R-422D or R-438A, Airgas has what you need.

Call us today and join the thousands of refrigerant buyers across the country who have discovered Airgas for all their refrigerant supply needs.

# **Used Refrigerant Return Programs**

Highest buy-back prices offered



Airgas Refrigerants is an EPA Certified Refrigerant Reclaimer operating multiple state-of-the-art reclamation facilities. We offer the most competitive buy-back prices in the industry, flexible used refrigerant return programs, refrigerant banking plans, refrigerant process and exchange, disposal, analytical testing, cylinder recertification and refurbishing, and much more. Whether you're working on a one time retrofit or maintenance project or you need a program for repeated returns of used refrigerants, Airgas has what you need.

Call us today and discover how easy returning your used refrigerant can be.

# Refrigerant On-Site Services

### Certified Airgas field technicians



Airgas Refrigerants has the capability to reclaim refrigerant to AHRI-700 standards on site. Our patented technologies of our transportable recovery reclamation units RPS and MPS, can return your refrigerant to AHRI-700 purity standards on site at speeds of up to 2,700 pounds per hour. Airgas also provides dehydration and flushing services designed to remove moisture from any refrigerant system regardless of size. Most importantly Airgas Refrigerants' on-site services are run by certified Airgas field technicians who work safely and conscientiously on-site throughout the entire process.

Call us today and partner with Airgas for your refrigerant service requirements.

# Contact an Airgas Representative

www.airgas.com



# Refrigerant Listing

COLOR PMS#	TYPE	CHEMICAL NAME OR COMPONENTS	CONTAINER SIZES (lbs.)
CFC	EPA Techni	cian Certification required to purchase CFC refrigerants	
021	R-11	Trichlorofluoromethane	30, 100, 200, 650, 1000, 2200
White	R-12	Dichlorodiflouromethane	15, 30, 50, 145, 1000, 2000
2975	R-13	Chlorotrifluoromethane	5, 9, 23, 70, 80
177	R-13B1	Bromotrifluoromethane	10, 50, 150, custom
124	R-14	Tetrafluoromethane	15, 70
266	R-113	Trichlorotrifluoroethane	100, 200, 690
302	R-114	1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	30, 150, 2200
103	R-500	Dichlorodifluoromethane, Difluoroethane	15, 30, 50, 125, 1000, 1750
251	R-502	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chloropentafluoroethane	15, 30, 50, 125, 1000, 1750
3268	R-503	Chlorotrifluoromethane, Trifluoromethane	5, 9, 20, 70, 80, 1200
HCFC	EPA Techni	cian Certification required to purchase HCFC refrigerants	
352	R-22	Chlorodifluoromethane	15, 30, 50, 125, 1000, 1750
428	R-123	Dichlorotrifluoroethane	100, 200, 630, 2200
335	R-124	1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	30, 150, 1750, 2000
177	R-401A	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chlorotetrafluoroethane	30, 125, 1700
124	R-401B	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chlorotetrafluoroethane	30, 125, 1700
461	R-402A	Chlorodifluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane	27, 110
385	R-402B	Chlorodifluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane	13
248	R-408A	Trifluoroethane, Chlorodifluoromethane	24, 100
465	R-409A	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chlorotetrafluoroethane	30, 125
none	R-412A	Chlorodifluoromethane, 1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane and Octafluoropropane	4.4
4545	R-414B	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chlorodifluoroethane, Chlorotetrafluoroethane	25
381	R-416A	1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	25, 125
HFC	No EPA Tec	chnician Certification needed to purchase HFC refrigerants	1
428	R-23	Trifluoromethane	9, 20, 70
424	R-116	Hexafluoroethane	26, 90, 95
2975	R-134a	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	30, 125, 1000, 1750
021	R-404A	Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Trifluoroethane	24, 100, 800, 870, 1300
368	R-407A	Difluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	25, 100
156	R-407B	Difluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	25, 100
471	R-407C	Difluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	25, 115, 1550
507	R-410A	Pentafluoroethane, Difluoromethane	25, 100, 850, 1350, 1450
354	R-417A	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Pentafluoroethane	25, 110, 950
128	R-422A	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Pentafluoroethane	24, 100
375	R-422D	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Pentafluoroethane	25, 110
292	R-423A	Tetrafluoroethane, Heptafluoropropane	125, 1800
3405	R-427A	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Pentafluoroethane	25, 100
2727	R-438A	Difluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane, 1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrafluoroethane, n-Butane, Isopentane	25, 100
326	R-507	Pentafluoroethane, Trifluoroethane	25, 100, 800, 840, 1400
none	R-508A	Trifluoromethane, Hexafluoroethane	4.4, 10, 82
302	R-508B	Trifluoromethane, Hexafluoroethane	10, 20, 70



# PROCESS CHEMICALS

# Precise Packaging. Unrivaled Experience.



# The chemicals you need. Packaged for your process. Delivered with safety and precision. You'll find it all at Airgas.

Airgas has long been recognized as the leading U.S. distributor of industrial, medical and specialty gases, welding goods and safety products. Our best-kept secret is our comprehensive Process Chemical product offering. This is increasingly important because of recent changes in the way chemical users purchase and store these reactive products. Key factors that have led to supply chain changes include more stringent environmental regulations and storage restrictions required by the Department of Homeland Security. Airgas' broad product and package offering, distribution capabilities and supply chain programs translate into unmatched versatility in delivering exactly the chemical you need, in the quantities needed, where and when you need them. In addition, our technical expertise and dedication to safety provide customers with the right risk management solution.



# The right expertise to meet ever-changing needs.

Airgas has been meeting the process chemicals needs of industry for nearly 20 years with the widest range of process chemicals packaging available and an extensive nationwide distribution system. Our supply chain management expertise will help you comply with the latest risk management regulations unique to your industry or facility.

# The right process chemicals where and how you need them.

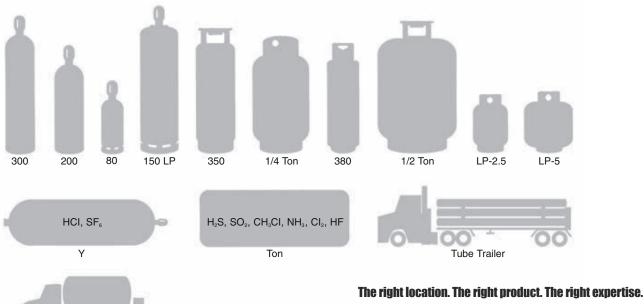
For companies requiring less-than-railcar quantities, Airgas provides a broad range of top-quality process chemicals. With more than two dozen package sizes and the ability to provide custom packaging, we can meet virtually any need. And with Airgas' supply chain management capabilities, there's no need to store large quantities of chemicals on site. You get exactly what you need, in the package size you need, delivered right where you need it.

# Airgas offers more than 30 process chemicals, including:

- Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>)
- Chlorine (Cl<sub>2</sub>)
- Chlorine Dioxide (ClO<sub>2</sub>)
- Ethyl Chloride (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl)
- Fluorine  $(F_2)$  and derivatives
- Hydrocarbons (a wide variety)
- Hydrocarbon Refrigerants (a wide variety)
- Hydrogen Bromide (HBr)
- Hydrogen Chloride (HCl)
- Hydrogen Fluoride (HF)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S)
- Methylamines (MMA, DMA, TMA)
- Methyl Chloride (CH<sub>3</sub>Cl)
- Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)
- Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>)

Airgas' nationwide Emergency Response infrastructure is the largest response organization in our industry providing support anywhere in the country. Our Engineered Solutions engineering group can design and install partial or turn-key product supply systems with enhanced safety features.

# **Process Chemicals Package Sizes and Capacities**



Tank Truck



# **Hydrocarbon Processing Gases**

Airgas® is a leading supplier of hydrocarbon calibration standards for use in the calibration of laboratory, emission monitoring, and process control instrumentation. Airgas' calibration standards are available as both liquid and gaseous mixtures in minor component ranges from low part-per-million (ppm) to percentage.

# **Liquid and Gaseous Blends**

We can provide liquid or gaseous mixtures in both aluminum and steel cylinders. Gaseous blends, containing condensable components, are normally filled to a pressure which is 75% dewpoint pressure at 70° F unless physical or stability problems dictate a lower percentage. This is designed to prevent condensation problems which may occur as a result of lower temperature conditions. Liquid blends are normally filled by weight and will not exceed the fill density regulations set forth by the DOT(§173.304 (d)). All liquid blends will also be delivered with a 200 psig helium head pressure as standard unless requested by the customer.

# **Packages**

Hydrocarbon calibration blends are available in a variety of steel and aluminum cylinders that are prepared specific to each mixture. We offer specially prepared packages for low concentration or reactive gas mixtures to ensure mixture stability. We also can provide mixtures in a constant-pressure piston cylinder for liquid mixtures that may fractionate.

We provide our gas blend cylinders with a standard diaphragm valve and a CGA outlet recommended by CGA Pamphlet V-7. All liquid cylinders come with a dip tube and a helium head pressure to allow for efficient liquid withdrawal.

# Standard Low Pressure Cylinder with Single-Port Valve and Dip Tube

These mixtures are usually blended gravimetrically. The headspace is then pressurized with an inert gas, normally helium. Liquid is then drawn from the bottom of the cylinder through the dip tube. This type of cylinder/valve combination is recommended for mixtures containing components having low volatility.

### Standard Low Pressure Cylinder with Dual-Port Valve

A dual-port valve allows the cylinder to be pressurized at your site. The valve contains an inlet valve that allows a helium or nitrogen supply to be connected. The advantage of the dual-port valve is that the head space pressure can be maintained as the liquid is drawn off. This prevents the more volatile components from moving to the head space, and provides a constant delivery pressure. It is recommended for mixtures where the components all have low volatility.

# **Piston Cylinder**

Mixtures are prepared gravimetrically. Pressure is maintained by pressurizing one side of the piston with an inert gas, normally helium. The floating piston effectively separates the inert gas from the liquid mixture. The constant pressure on the piston prevents the lighter components from volatilizing, thus providing the most accurate and consistent liquid standards.





### **HYDROCARBON PROCESSING GASES**

### Liquid and Gaseous Hydrocarbon Standards

1-Butanol
1-Butene
1-Butyl Alchohol
1-Chloro-2-Propanol
1-Chloro-2,2-Difluoroethylene
1-Chloro-2,2,2-Trifluoroethane
1-Chloropropane
1-Chloropropylene
1-Chlorobutane
1-Decene
1-Dodecene
1-Hexene
1-Methoxy-2-Propanol

1-Methoxy-2-Propanol 1-Methoxy-2-Propyl Acetate 1-Methyethylbenzene 1-Methylpropylbenzene 1-Nonene

1-Octene
1-Pentene
1-Propanol
1-Propoxy-2-Propanol
1,1-Dichloroethane
1,1-Difluoroethylene
1,1-Difluoroethylene
1,1-Difluoroethylene

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane 1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane

1,1,2-Trichloroethale 1,1,2-Trichloroethylene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,2-Butadiene 1,2-Dibromoethane 1,2-Dichloropropane

1,2-Dibromoethane
1,2-Dichloropropane
1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1,2-Dichloroethane
1,2-Ethanedithiol
1,2-Propadiene
1,2,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

1,2,2,2-letrachloroethane
1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1,3-Butadiene
1,3-Cyclopentadiene
1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1,4-Butanediol
1,4-Dichlorobenzene
1,4-Diethylbenzene
1,4-Dioxane
1,4-Pentadiene

2-Butanol
2-Chloro-1,3-Butadiene
2-Chloroethylvinylether
2-Chloropropane
2-Ethyl-1-Butene
2-Fluoropropane
2-Hexene
2-Methyl-1-Butene

1H-indene

1-Nonene

2-Methyl-1-Pentene
2-Methyl-2-Butene
2-Methyl-2-Pentene
2-Methyl-2-Propanethiol
2-Methylpentane
2-Methylbutane
2-Methylbutane
2-Methylhexane
2-Propanol
2-Propyl Mercaptan

2-Propanol 2-Propyl Mercaptan 2.2-Dichloroethanol 2,2-Dimethylpentane 2,2-Dimethylbutane 2.2-Dimethylpropane 2,2,3-Trimethylbutane 2,2,3-Trimethylpentane 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 2,3-Dimethylbutane 2,3-Dimethylpentane 2,3-Dimethylbutane 2,3,3-Trimethylpentane 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane 2,4-Dimethylpentane 2,4-Pentanedione 3-Chloropropylene 3-Methyl-1-Butene 3-Methyl-cis-2-Pentene 3-Methyl-trans-2-Pentene 3-Methylpentene

3,3-Dimethylpentane
4-Bromofluorobenzene
4-Methyl-cis-2-Pentene
4-Methyl-trans-2-Pentene
4-Vinyl-1-Cyclohexene
5-Ethylidene-2-Norbornene
5-Vinyl-2-Norbornene
Acetaldehyde
Acetic Acid

3-Methylhexane

3-Methylpentane

3-Methylthiophene

Acetic Acid
Acetone
Acetonitrile
Acetylene
Acrolein
Acrylic Acid
Acrylonitrile
Allene
Allyl Alchohol
Allyl Chloride
alpha-Methylstyrene
Ammonia

Amylmethyl Ether
Argon
Arsine
Benzaldehyde
Benzene
Benzylchloride
Biphenyl
Bromobenzene
Bromodichloromethane
Bromochloromethane

Bromoethane

Bromoform
Bromomethane
Bromotrifluoromethane
Butylacetate

Butylacrylate

Butylaldehyde
Butylbenzene
Butylglycol
Butylmercaptan
Carbon Dioxide
Carbon Disulfide
Carbon Monoxide
Carbonyl Fluoride
Carbonyl Fluoride
Carbonyl Sulfide
Chlorbenzene
Chlorodibromomethane
Chlorodifluoroethane
Chlorodifluoromethane

Chloroethane
Chloroethylene
Chloroform
Chloromethane
Chloromethyl Methyl Ether
Chloropentafluoroethane
Chloropentafluoromethane
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

cis-1,3-Pentadiene cis-2-Butene cis-2-Hexene cis-2-Octene cis-2-Pentene cis-3-Hexene Crotonaldehyde

Cumene
Cyanogen
Cyanogen Chloride
Cyclobutene
Cyclohexane
Cyclohexanone
Cyclopentane
Cyclopentene
Decafluorobutane
Decutorium

Deuterium Dibromochloromethane Dibutyl Sulfide Dichlorodifluoromethane

Dichlorofluoromethane
Dichloromethane
Dichlorotetrafluoroethane
Dichlorotrifluoroethane
Dicyclopentadiene
Diethyl Disulfide
Diethyl Ether
Diethyl Sulfide

Diethyl Ether
Diethyl Sulfide
Diethyleneglycolethyl Ether
Diethyl Ketone
Difluoromethane
Diisobutylene
Diisopropyl Ether
Diisopropylamine

Dimethylacetylene Dimethyl Disulfide Dimethyl Ether Dimethylformamide Dimethyl Sulfide Dimethylacetamide Docosane

Dodecane Ethane Ethanol Ethylacetate Ethylacetylene Ethylacrylate Ethylalchohol Ethylbenzene Ethylbromide Ethylchloride Ethylcyclopentane Ethyl Disulfide Ethylisobutyl Ketone Ethylmercaptan Ethylmethyl Sulfide Ethyltertbutyl Ether Ethylbenzene Ethylene Ethylene Dichloride Ethylene Oxide

Formaldehyde
Furan
Helium
Heptane
Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
Hexafluoro-1,3-Butadiene
Hexafluoroethane
Hexamethyldisiloxane

Ethylene Sulfide

Hexane
Hexylaldehyde
Hydrogen
Hydrogen Bromide
Hydrogen Chloride
Hydrogen Cyanide
Hydrogen Sulfide
Isobutane
Isobutene
Isobutylene
Isobutyraldehyde
Isooctane

Isopropyl Ether
Isopropyl Mercaptan
Isopropylnitrate
Isopropylacetate
Krypton
m-Xylene
Methacrolein
Methane
Methanthiol
Methanol

Isopentane

Isopropanol

Isopropyl Alchohol

Isoprene



### Liquid and Gaseous Hydrocarbon Standards

### **HYDROCARBON PROCESSING GASES**

Methylacetate Methylacetylene Methylacrylate Methyl Alchohol Methylbromide Methylbutylketone Methylchloride Methylcyclohexane Methylcyclopentane Methylethylketone Methylformate Methyliodide Methylisobutyl Ketone Methylmercaptan Methylmethacrylate Methylpentyl Ketone Methylphenyl Ketone Methylpropyl Ketone Methylpyrollidine Methylsalicylate Methyltertbutyl Ether Methyltrichlorosilane Methylvinyl Ether Methylvinyl Ketone Methylcyclopentane Methylenebromide Methylenechloride

Methylformate

n-Butane n-Butanol n-Butylbenzene n-Decane n-Heptane n-Nonane n-Octane n-Pentane n-Propanol n-Propylbenzene n-Propylmercaptan N,N-Dimethylaniline neo-Hexane Neon neo-Pentane Nitric Oxide Nitrogen Nitrogen Dioxide Nitrogen Trifluoride Nitrous Oxide Nonane o-Xvlene

**Octane** 

Octafluorocyclobutane Octafluoropropane Oxygen Oxygen Difluoride p-Isopropyltoluene Tetrafluoromethane

p-Xylene Pentadecane Pentafluoroethane Perchloroethylene Perfluoropropane Propadiene Propane Propionaldehyde Propylacetate Propylmercaptan Propylbenzene Propylene Propylene Oxide Silicon Tetrafluoride Styrene Sulfur Dioxide Sulfur Hexafluoride Sulfur Tetrafluoride tert-Butvlalchohol tert-Butylbenzene tert-Butvlchloride tert-Butvlmercaptan Tetrabromomethane Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene Tetradecane Tetrafluoroethane

Tetrahydrofuran Tetrahydrothiophene Thiophane Thiophene Toluene trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-2-Butene trans-2-Hexene trans-2-Octene trans-2-Pentene trans-3-Hexene Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane Trichloromethane Tridecane Triethylamine Trifluoromethane Tungsten Hexafluoride Undecane Vinvl Acetate Vinvl Acetylene Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Cyclohexane Vinyl Cyclohexene Vinyl Trimethoxysilane

Water Xenon

# Natural Gas Standards

### **HYDROCARBON PROCESSING GASES**

Typical Natural Gas	Mixtures				
Component Concentration (MOL %)	GPA Gas Reference	High Helium Reference	High Ethane Reference	Low BTU Reference	Daniel Reference
Helium	0.5	0.2 – 2.0			
Hydrogen				14.0	
Argon				1.0	
Nitrogen	5.0	1.6	2.5	Balance	2.5
Carbon Monoxide				12.0	
Carbon Dioxide	1.0	0.3	3.0	5.0	1.0
Methane	Balance	Balance	Balance	0.5	Balance
Ethane	9.0	3.0	3.5		5.0
Acetylene				1.0	
Propane	6.0	1.8	1.0		1.0
Isobutane	3.0	1.0	0.4		0.3
n-Butane	3.0	1.0	0.4		0.3
Isopentane	1.0	0.3	0.15		0.1
n-Pentane	1.0	0.3	0.15		0.1
Neopentane			0.1		0.1
n-Hexane			0.05		0.03
n-Heptane			0.02		
Nominal BTU	1298	1080	1028	114	1051

The following is a list of the more common components used in natural gas standards. While certain mixtures are standard throughout the industry, Airgas prides itself in providing the highest quality, multi-component custom standards to meet the needs and specifications of the individual customer.

We are sorry but this product has been discontinued effective 10/20/2014



**ANALYTICAL GASES** 

Flame Ionization Detector (FID) Fuel Gases

Used with FIDs in gas chromatography and continuous stream hydrocarbon analyzers.

				Equipment Recommendat	tions
Concentration	Cylinder Size	<b>≈Contents</b> ft³	Product Number		Page Number
40% Hydrogen Balance Helium THC ≤ 0.5 ppm	300 200 80	298 200 76	X02HE60A3003005 X02HE60A2003005 X02HE60A803005	Two-Stage Regulators	
40% Hydrogen Balance Nitrogen THC ≤ 0.5 ppm	300 200 80	298 200 76	X02NI60A3003006 X02NI60A2003006 X02NI60A803006	Y12-N145D350 Y12-244D350	E21 E12
*39-41% Hydrogen Balance Helium THC ≤ 0.05 ppm	300 200 80	298 200 76	X02HE60A300C3K1 X02HE60A200C146 X02HE60A80C558		
Minimum of Ultra Zero Air Standard valve outlet: 350	alysis or Certificate of Batch Ar recommended for optimal ana ART 1065— Engine Testing Pr	lytical results.			

Technical Data		
Cylinder Pressure: Size 300 All Other Sizes	2400 psig 2000 psig	
DOT Class	2.1	
DOT Label	Flammable Gas	
ID No.	UN1954	

ANALYTICAL GASES

Electron Capture Detector (ECD) Gases

A minimum of UHP grade gases are recommended for optimal analytical results.

				Equipment Recommendation	ns
Concentration	Cylinder Size	<b>≈Contents</b> ft³	Product Number		Page Number
Ultra ECD Grade P-5 5% UHP Methane Balance UHP Argon	300 200 80	302 223 85	X02AR95J3001826 X02AR95J2000286 X02AR95J800995	Two-Stage Regulators	
Ultra ECD Grade P-10 10% UHP Methane Balance UHP Argon	300 200 80	302 223 85	X02AR90J3000339 X02AR90J2000288 X02AR90J804972	Y12-N245D350 Y12-244D350	E21 E12
Individual Certificate of Analysis Standard valve outlet: 350 Performance qualified to confir				* Insert Delivery Pressure Range Code	

Technical Data		
Cylinder Pressure	2000 psig	
DOT Class	2.2	
DOT Label	Nonflammable Gas	
ID No.	UN1956	



**Leak Detection Gases** 

ANALYTICAL GASES

Gas mixtures containing helium allow for more sensitive and accurate leak detection than a simple pressure test.

				Equipment Recommendati	ions
Concentration	Cylinder Size	<b>≈Contents</b> ft³	Product Number		Page Number
0.5 - 10% Helium Balance Nitrogen	300 200 80	278 208 82	Inquire Inquire Inquire	<b>Two-Stage Regulators</b> Y12-N145D580 Y12-244D580	E21 E12
Individual Certificate of Analy Standard valve outlet: 580	sis or Certificate of Batch A	nalysis available upon request.			

Technical Data		
Cylinder Pressure	2000 psig	
DOT Class	2.2	
DOT Label	Nonflammable Gas	
ID No.	UN1956	

**Nuclear Counter Gases** 

**ANALYTICAL GASES** 

Formulated for instrumentation measuring radioactivity and ionization.

				Equipment Recommendation	ons
Concentration	Cylinder Size	<b>≈Contents</b> ft³	Product Number		Page Numbe
P-10 10% Methane Balance Argon	300 200 80	302 223 85	X02AR90D3000979 X02AR90D2000291 X02AR90D804302		
P-5 5% Methane Balance Argon	300 200 80	302 223 85	X02AR95D3002178 X02AR95D2000994 X02AR95D800995	Two-Stage Regulators Y12-N245D350	E21
Quench Gas 1.3% n-Butane Balance Helium	200	163	X02HE98D2005171	Y12-244D350	E12
Geiger Flow Gas 0.95% Isobutane Balance Helium	200	196	X02HE99D200R767		
Individual Certificate of Ar Standard valve outlet: 350	nalysis or Certificate of Batch A )	nalysis available upon reques	t.		

Technical Data	
Cylinder Pressure	
Size 300	2400 psig
Quench Gas	1650 psig
All Other Sizes	2000 psig
DOT Class	2.2
DOT Label	Nonflammable Gas
ID No.	UN1956

SA



# **EPA Protocol Gases**

As the largest producer of EPA Protocol gases with six locations throughout the U.S., Airgas® has the EPA Protocol gases that customers need.

- Airgas has six laboratories with ISO 17025 accreditation through A2LA covering all EPA Protocol gases and Traceability Standards, including three laboratories with over 10 years ongoing accreditation.
- Produces and owns more NTRMs than any other gas vendor.
- The exclusive producer of EPA Protocols via the AcuGrav<sup>®</sup>, AutoFTIR<sup>™</sup>, and Automated LabPack<sup>™</sup> technologies.
- Exclusive SRM provider to NIST.
- Able to provide both online certifications and online cylinder expiration notifications.
- One of only two producers of elemental mercury calibration gases.
- Provides accurate HCl calibration gases.
- The leading supplier of ammonia calibration gases for both ammonia slip and health and safety monitoring with ±1% analytical traceability to Primary Reference Materials, with traceability down to 2.5ppm.
- NO down to 0.4 ppm, NO<sub>2</sub> down to 2.5 ppm and N<sub>2</sub>O down to 0.3 ppm concentrations.
- Proven accuracy of EPA Protocols has saved utilities millions of dollars by optimizing emissions credits (allowances) for SO<sub>2</sub> and NOx.
- Member of PGVP audit program, which Airgas helped to author.

Airgas EPA Protocols are prepared and analyzed in strict accordance with the EPA's most current guideline entitled "EPA Traceability Protocol Assay and Certification of Gaseous Calibration Standards." The guideline specifies methods for traceability to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) SRMs or other NIST-approved reference materials, which include Airgas produced and NIST certified NTRMs.

The majority of EPA Protocol mixtures from Airgas are certified to a ≤1% overall uncertainty guarantee, except where limited by the higher uncertainty of the NIST SRMs or NTRMs. All analytical certifications are performed under completely interference-free conditions. Maximum allowable shelf life is guaranteed. Documentation fully conforms to the requirements of the EPA Protocol program, in compliance with the Clean Air Act.

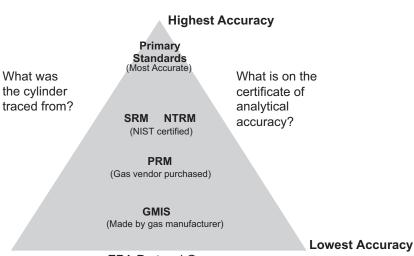
# **Traceability Standards**

To meet customer and regulatory requirements for analytically NIST Traceable calibration mixtures, Airgas offers Traceability Standards, which are analytically certified directly against either NIST SRMs or NTRMs, within a comprehensive quality system. The analytical testing process is based upon EPA Protocol production processes, including triad analysis, comprehensive instrumentation characterization, and statistical data analysis. This results in a  $\pm$  1% overall uncertainty (accuracy) with direct traceability to NIST Reference Materials. Traceability Standards are primarily used for the calibration of continuous emissions monitoring systems and engine emissions analyzers.

Combined with Airgas' Precision Blend dynamic processes, Airgas will upon request offer Traceability Standard gas mixtures with blend tolerances equal to the accuracy of the analytical system monitoring the filling operations. The analytical value of each gas mixture is validated against a NIST SRM or NTRM. Every cylinder is certified accurate within ± 1% of NIST reference material.

Airgas' line of Traceability Standards assures ongoing compliance with the calibration requirements imposed by federal, state and local authorities. Traceability Standards offer precise concentrations, homogenous composition of all cylinders within a lot, and consistency of mixtures from order to order.

Upon request, Airgas can produce Traceability Standards at one of several Airgas specialty gas laboratories accredited to the ISO 17025 standard by the American Association of Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). ISO 17025 is the international standard for calibration and testing laboratories and recognized in many industries, including the automotive and aerospace industries. In these cases, Airgas can include the accreditation body's logo and ISO 17025 notation on the accompanying Certificate of Analysis.





**EPA Instrumental Test Methods** 

**ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** 

EPA Method	Test Method Determines	Components Tested	Zero Gas*
3A*	O <sub>2</sub> % & CO <sub>2</sub> %	O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> % in N <sub>2</sub> or mixtures of SO <sub>2</sub> ppm &/or NO <sub>2</sub> ppm + O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> % in N <sub>2</sub>	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
3 & 3B	O <sub>2</sub> % & CO <sub>2</sub> % using an ORSAT	O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> % in N <sub>2</sub> for Audit	
3C	CO <sub>2</sub> %, O <sub>2</sub> %, N <sub>2</sub> % & CH <sub>4</sub> ppm using a thermal conductivity detector (TCD) gas chromatograph	CO <sub>2</sub> , CH <sub>4</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> , and other gas components	Carrier Gas. Helium, high-purity
6C*	SO <sub>2</sub> ppm from stationary sources	SO <sub>2</sub> ppm in Air or N <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> ppm &/or O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> % in N <sub>2</sub>	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
7E*	NO <sub>x</sub> ppm from stationary sources	${ m NO_x}$ ppm in ${ m N_2}$ other mixtures may be used if no interference is caused. ${ m NO_2}$ for Converter Efficiency	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
10*	CO ppm from stationary sources	CO ppm in N <sub>2</sub> other mixtures may be used if no interference is caused	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
10A	CO ppm CEM at petroleum refinery	CO ppm in N <sub>2</sub>	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
10B	CO ppm from stationary sources	CO ppm in N <sub>2</sub> & CH <sub>2</sub> in air	(Helium zero/Hydrogen zero)
15	TRS Emissions from sulfur recovery plants in petroleum refinery	H <sub>2</sub> S in N <sub>2</sub> & COS in N <sub>2</sub> & CS <sub>2</sub> in N <sub>2</sub> traceable	<0.5 ppm TRS with <10 ppm H <sub>2</sub> O & (Oxygen Zero/Zero Nitrogen)
15A	TRS Emissions from sulfur recovery plants in petroleum refinery	COS in N <sub>2</sub>	<50 ppb TRS with <10 ppm Hydrocarbons
16	TRS Emissions from Kraft Pulp Mills	H <sub>2</sub> S in N <sub>2</sub> & MeSH in N <sub>2</sub> & DMS in N <sub>2</sub> & DMDS in N <sub>2</sub> traceable	<50 ppb TRS with <10 ppm Hydrocarbons
16A	TRS Emissions from Kraft Pulp Mills	H <sub>2</sub> S in N <sub>2</sub>	<50 ppb TRS with <10 ppm Hydrocarbons
16B	TRS Emissions from Kraft Pulp Mills	SO <sub>2</sub> in N <sub>2</sub> & H <sub>2</sub> S in N <sub>2</sub>	<50 ppb TRS with <10 ppm Hydrocarbons
18	Gaseous Organic Compound Emissions by Gas Chromatography	VOC ppm in N <sub>2</sub> <1-2% or NIST traceable	Defined by CFR 51 Appendix M Method 205
21	Volatile Organic Compound Leaks	VOC ppm in N <sub>2</sub> or Air <2%	<10 ppm VOC
25	Total Gaseous Nonmethane Organic Emissions (TGNMO) as Carbon	CO, CH <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> , hexane, toluene, and methanol each in air <1%	He, Air & O <sub>2</sub> <1ppm HC & CO <sub>2</sub> <1ppm & <0.1ppm HC
25A	Total Gaseous Organic Emissions using FID	$C_2H_6$ , $C_3H_8$ , $C_4H_{10}$ or appropriate in $N_2$ or Air <2%	Defined by CFR 51 Appendix M Method 205
25B	Total Gaseous Organic Emissions using NDIR	$C_2H_6$ , $C_3H_8$ , $C_4H_{10}$ or appropriate in $N_2$ or Air <2%	Defined by CFR 51 Appendix M Method 205
25C	Non Methane Organic Compounds (NMOC) in MSW landfill gases	CO, CH <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> , hexane, toluene, and methanol each in air <1%	<10 ppm VOC
25D	Volatile Organic Concentration of Waste Samples	% propane and % 1,1-dichloroethylene in N <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> , Air & O <sub>2</sub> <1ppm C
25E	Phase Organic Concentration in Waste Samples	% propane in N <sub>2</sub> or Air NIST traceable	N <sub>2</sub> , Air & O <sub>2</sub> zero grade <ppm c<="" td=""></ppm>
30A	Hg <sup>0</sup> μg/m <sup>3</sup> from stationary sources	Hg <sup>0</sup> & HgCl <sub>2</sub> μg/m <sup>3</sup> in N <sub>2</sub> or Air NIST traceable	No measurable Hg
30B	Hg <sup>0</sup> μg/m <sup>3</sup> from stationary sources	Hg <sup>0</sup> & HgCl <sub>2</sub> μg/m <sup>3</sup> in N <sub>2</sub> or Air NIST traceable	No measurable Hg

\*These test methods were revised in August 2006 and advise using Zero Air / Zero Nitrogen that fits the definition of CFR 40 72.2 as the low point, oppose to a low level concentration pollutant.

EPA PS# CEM Performance Specification for		ormance Specification for Components Zero Gas (need not be certified)	
PS 2	SO <sub>2</sub> ppm &/or NO <sub>2</sub> ppm	SO <sub>2</sub> ppm &/or NO <sub>2</sub> ppm in N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 3	O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> %	O <sub>2</sub> % &/or CO <sub>2</sub> % in N <sub>2</sub> for Audit	
PS 4	CO ppm	1000 CO ppm on N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 4A	CO ppm	<200 CO ppm on N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 5	TRS ppm	H <sub>2</sub> S ppm or other TRS in N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 7	TRS ppm	H <sub>2</sub> S ppm or other TRS in N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 8	VOC ppm	CH <sub>4</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> , C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> , C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> ppm or appropriate in N <sub>2</sub> or Air	
PS 9	Specific VOC ppm by GC	Specific VOC ppm in N <sub>2</sub> or Air <2%	Defined by CFR 40 72.2
PS 12	Hg	Hg in N <sub>2</sub>	
PS 12A	Hg	Hg in N <sub>2</sub>	
PPS 011 ETV Verification	NH <sub>3</sub> ppm	NH <sub>3</sub> in N <sub>2</sub> NIST or N <sub>mi</sub> <3%	
PS-18	HCI ppm	HCl in N <sub>2</sub>	Defined by CFR 40 72.2

Proposed Method 322 - HCI Emissions from Portland Cement Kilns by GFCIR 3/11/98 (WordPerfect version).

Proposed Method 323 - Measurement of Formaldehyde Emissions from Natural Gas-Fired Stationary Sources - Acetyl Acetone Derivitization

Method (FR Vol. 68, No. 9, Tuesday, Jan. 14, 2003 Pgs. 1925-1929).

# **Special Applications**



**ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** 

**EPA Protocols and Traceability Standards** 

EPA Protocol Gas Mixture	es				Equipment Recommendation
	Concentration Range	CGA Connection	Cylinder Size*	Contents ft3**	Recommended Two-Stage Regulator
Carbon Dioxide in Air	300 ppm - < 1% 1% - 30%	590	150A	143	Y12-T265D590 <b>E23</b>
Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	300 ppm - < 1% 1% - 30%	580	150A	140	Y12-T265D580 <b>E23</b>
Carbon Monoxide in Air	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 6.25%	590	150A	143	Y12-T265D590 <b>E23</b>
Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 13%	350	150A	140	Y12-T265D350 <b>E23</b>
Hydrogen Sulfide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - 1000 ppm	330	150A	140	Y12-C445D330 <b>E28</b>
Methane in Air	0.5 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - 1000 ppm	590	150A	143	Y12-N245D590 <b>E21</b>
Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	0.4 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - 5000 ppm	660	150A	140	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Oxygen in Nitrogen	1000 ppm - <1% 1% - 30%	<5% CGA 580 ≥5% - 23.5% CGA 590 >23.5% CGA 296	150A	140	Y12-N245D (CGA) <b>E21</b>
Propane in Air	0.25 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <0.1% 0.1% - 1%	590	150A	143	Y12-N245D590 <b>E21</b>
Propane in Nitrogen	0.25 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <0.1% 0.1% - 1%	350	150A	140	Y12-N245D350 <b>E21</b>
Sulfur Dioxide in Air	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 5000 ppm	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Sulfur Dioxide n Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 5000 ppm	660	150A	140	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Sulfur Dioxide, Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - 5000 ppm 0.4 ppm - 5000 ppm	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Sulfur Dioxide, Oxygen in Nitrogen	2 ppm - 5000 ppm 0.1% - 30%	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Carbon Dioxide, Oxygen in Nitrogen	300 ppm - 30% 0.1% - 30%	<5% CGA 580 ≥5% - 23.5% CGA 590 >23.5% CGA 296	150A	143	Y12-N245D (CGA) <b>E21</b>
Sulfur Dioxide, Nitric Oxide, Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - 5000 ppm 2 ppm - 5000 ppm 300 ppm - 30%	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Sulfur Dioxide, Nitric Oxide, Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - 5000 ppm 2 ppm - 5000 ppm 2 ppm - 13%	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>
Sulfur Dioxide, Nitric Oxide, Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - 5000 ppm 2 ppm - 5000 ppm 300 ppm - 30% 2 ppm - 13%	660	150A	143	Y12-C445D660 <b>E28</b>

<sup>\*</sup>Airgas® EPA Protocol gases are supplied in aluminum cylinders, sizes 150A, 80A, and 33A.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Contents represent approximations; actual volumes are determined by the concentrations of the minor components.



**CEM Daily Calibration Standards** 

**ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** 

Where EPA Protocol Standards are not required, Continuous Emissions Monitoring (CEM) Daily Calibration Standards are blended to the same exacting standards, are NIST Traceable, and have an analytical accuracy of  $\pm$  2%. In addition to those

components and combinations of components listed as EPA Protocol Standards, the following mixtures are available as daily calibration standards:

<b>CEM Daily Calibration Gase</b>	CEM Daily Calibration Gases						
Daily Calibration Standards	Concentration Range	CGA Connection	Cylinder Size	Contents ft <sup>3</sup>	Recommended Two-Stage Regulator		
Ammonia in Nitrogen	5 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 4%	705	150A	140	Y12-T265D705 <b>E23</b>		
Carbon Dioxide in Air	300 ppm - <1% 1% - 30%	590	150A	143	Y12-T265D590 <b>E23</b>		
Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen	300 ppm - <1% 1% - 30%	580	150A	140	Y12-T265D580 <b>E23</b>		
Carbon Monoxide in Air	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 6.25%	580	150A	143	Y12-T265D590 <b>E23</b>		
Carbon Monoxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 20%	350	150A	140	Y12-T265D350 <b>E23</b>		
Hydrogen Chloride in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - 1000 ppm	330	150A	140	Y12-T265D330 <b>E23</b>		
Hydrogen Sulfide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - 1000 ppm	330	150A	140	Y12-T265D330 E23 E23		
Nitric Oxide in Nitrogen	2 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1% 1% - 6.25%	660	150A	140	Y12-T265D660 <b>E23</b>		
Oxygen in Nitrogen	100 ppm - <1% 1% - 30%	<5% CGA 580 ≥5% -23.5% CGA 590 >23.5% CGA 296	150A	140	Y12-T265D590/296 <b>E23</b>		
Propane in Air	1 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 1%	590	150A	143	Y12-T265D590 <b>E23</b>		
Propane in Nitrogen	1 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 2%	350	150A	140	Y12-T265D350 <b>E23</b>		
Sulfur Dioxide in Air	5 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 2%	660	150A	143	Y12-T265D660 <b>E23</b>		
Sulfur Dioxide in Nitrogen	5 ppm - <100 ppm 100 ppm - <1000 ppm 1000 ppm - 2%	660	150A	140	Y12-T265D660 <b>E23</b>		

CEM Zero Gases						Equipment Recommendations
Gas		Purity cifications	CGA Connection	Cylinder Size	Contents ft <sup>3</sup>	Recommended Two-Stage Regulator
CEM Zero Air*	O <sub>2</sub> CO CO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> THC	20% - 21% ≤ 0.5 ppm ≤ 1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm	80A	150A 76	144 <b>E23</b>	Y12-T265D590
CEM Zero Nitrogen*	CO CO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> THC	≤ 0.5 ppm ≤ 1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm ≤ 0.1 ppm	580	150A 80A	140 76	Y12-T265D580 <b>E23</b>
Follows CFR Specifications for zero ambient air material.  Batch Certificates of Analysis included with each cylinder.  *Meets the requirements of CFR 72.2						



**ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** 

Non EPA Protocol Calibration Gases

# **Elemental Mercury Gas Specifications**

- Concentrations range from 1 μg/M³ to 60 μg/M³ (100ppT to 6ppB)
- Balance Air or Nitrogen
- Pressure (depending on cylinder size) 300A's = 2000 PSIG (5500 Usable Liters) 150A's = 1800 PSIG (3600 Usable Liters)
- Directly traceable to NIST certified Vendor Prime Mercury Generator
- Analytical Accuracy ±5% (currently)
- 6 month stability

# How will elemental mercury calibration gas cylinders be used

- Traceability Protocol for Elemental Mercury Gas Generators routine audit test.
- Instrumental Test method 30b (spiking)
- Substitute for mercury gas generators (broken, failures, etc.)
- Overall independent spot check for systems.

# **Ammonia Calibration Standards**

# Accurate to keep you compliant and safe

- Comply with your Title V monitoring requirements.
- Traceable to VSL (Dutch National Laboratory) and NIST
- Non Traceable available
- Meets the requirements of EPA tests for stationary source monitoring such as:

Preliminary Performance Specification 001 (PPS-001) Ammonia CEMS

http://www.epa.gov/ttn/emc/prelim.html
Molybdenum vs. Stainless Steel differential
converter test Method 7E – NOx – Instrumental
http://www.epa.gov/ttn/emc/promgate.html

 OSHA monitoring test gas for:
 OSHA permissible exposure limit (PEL) of 50 parts per million (ppm)

per million (ppm)
The OSHA (former) standard of 35 ppm (as a 15 minute Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL))
http://www.ufcw.org/your\_industry/manufacturing/safety health news and facts/ammonia hazards.cfm

### **FEATURES:**

- Ranges from 5 ppm to 1,000 ppm
- 12 month stability
- Traceable to VSL and NIST
- Available in Air and Nitrogen

# **ZERO GAS**

EPA requires the use of Zero gas that meets the requirements of 40 CFR 72.2 in EPA CFR 40 part 60 EPA test methods, and EPA CFR 40 Part 75.

Airgas® Standard Operating Procedures assure that we provide a certification verifying that the contents meet CFR 40 72.2 that the calibration gas does not contain concentrations of SO<sub>2</sub>, NOx, or total hydrocarbons above 0.1 parts per million (ppm), a concentration of CO above 1 ppm, or a concentration of CO<sub>2</sub> above 400 ppm.

# **Hydrogen Chloride (HCI)**

Airgas has performed extensive stability studies and has documented the stability of HCl mixtures supporting the 12 month certification period. Airgas provided HCl mixtures pass the stringent PADEP requirements for HCl used for calibration of CEMS as well as many applications including incineration, waste to energy facilities, and industrial hygiene.

HCI mixture specifications:

Cylinder size: 150A 300A

Concentrations: 2 ppm-1000 ppm

Shelf Life: 6 months for PADEP HCI (or other states

requiring 6 months)
12 months elsewhere

Meets the requirements of US EPA HCI Performance Specification PS-18



# Certification Periods for EPA Protocol gases in accordance with the May 2012 "EPA Traceability Protocol for Assay and Certification of Gaseous Calibration Standards"

Certified Component	Balance Gas	Applicable range	Certification period (months)
Ammonia	Nitrogen	≥5 ppm	12
Carbon dioxide	Air	≥360 ppm	96
Carbon Dioxide	Nitrogen	≥100 ppm	96
Carbon monoxide	Nitrogen or Air	≥2 ppm	96
Hydrogen Sulfide	Nitrogen	≥2 ppm	36
Methane	Nitrogen or Air	≥1 ppm	96
Nitric Oxide	Nitrogen (O <sub>2</sub> -free)	0.5 to 50 ppm	36
Nitric Oxide	Nitrogen (O <sub>2</sub> -free)	≥50 ppm	96
Nitrous Oxide	Air	≥0.3 ppm	96
Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>2</sub> )	Air	≥3 ppm	36
Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>2</sub> )	Nitrogen (O <sub>2</sub> doped)	≥3 ppm	36
Oxygen	Nitrogen	≥0.2%	96
Propane	Air	>0.25 ppm	96
Propane	Nitrogen	>0.25 ppm	96
Sulfur Dioxide	Nitrogen or Air	1 to 50 ppm	48
Sulfur Dioxide	Nitrogen or Air	≥50 ppm	96
Mixtures with lower concentrat	ions are certified for 6 months.		

An EPA Protocol mixture can be recertified if the residual pressure after analysis is >100psig

# **Check your Certificates of Analysis (COA):**

The contents of the Certification of Analysis and sidewall label that are provided with each EPA Protocol gas cylinder are extremely important. These are frequently reviewed by local, state and EPA air quality enforcement personnel to ensure they meet mandatory requirements. A quick check of your COA can save you fines and aggravation. The following are the minimum requirements for information on an EPA Protocol gases COA:

- 1. Cylinder identification number (e.g. stamped cylinder number)
- 2. The certified concentrations for the assayed components of the Protocol gas, with values provided to at least 3 significant figures, and the balance gas
- 3. The calculated estimate of 95% uncertainty for each named component
- 4. Cylinder pressure at certification and statement that the Protocol gas cannot be used below 100psig, i.e. 0.7 megapascals
- 5. Dates of the assays and certification. The certification date is the date of the last assay
- 6. Certification expiration date
- 7. Information about each reference standard used in the assay:
  - a. For an NTRM, RGM or PRM: standard type, cylinder number, certified concentration, expanded uncertainty, certification expiration date
  - b. For a GMIS: cylinder number, certified concentration, expanded uncertainty, expiration date plus information (7.a.) about the reference material used in certifying the GMIS
- 8. Statement that the assay/certification was performed according to EPA Protocol document EPA 600/R-12/531 plus the Procedure used: G1 or G2
- 9. The analytical method(s) used in the assays and date of the most recent multipoint calibration for each instrument used in the assays
- 10. Identification of the specialty gas producer: Company, laboratory name, city and state, PGVP vendor ID
- 11. Chronological record of all certifications for the standard

EPA Protocol mixtures are certified down to a minimum use pressure of 100psig

O<sub>2</sub>-free Nitrogen contains <100ppB of oxygen

<sup>\*</sup> As required by "EPA Traceability Protocol Assay and Certification of Gaseous Calibration Standard (EPA 600/R-12/531 May 2012) Documentation"

<sup>\*\*</sup> In some cases the states and local air agencies can ask for more information on a Certificate of Analysis.



**ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** 

**Air Toxics Monitoring** 

### EPA TO-14 Calibration Standard - 42 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen

Dichlorodifluoromethane 4-Ethyltoluene Trichloroethylene Benzene 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,3-Butadiene Ethyl Chloride Trichlorofluoromethane Carbon Tetrachloride 1,2-Dichloroethane Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane Chlorobenzene 1,1-Vinylidene Chloride Methyl Bromide 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Chloroform cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene Styrene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Vinyl Chloride Chloromethane Dichloromethane 1,2-Dichloropropane Tetrachloroethylene m-Xylene 3-Chloropropylene cis-1.3-Dichloropropene o-Xvlene 1.2-Dibromoethane Toluene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene p-Xylene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,4-Dichlorobenzene Ethylbenzene 1,1,2-Trichloroethane

### EPA TO-14 Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Mixture (16 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

Carbon Tetrachloride Chloromethane 1,2-Dichloroethane cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene Tetrachloroethylene 1,2-Dichloropropane Trichloroethylene Chloroform 1.1-Dichloroethane 1.1-Dichloroethylene Dichloromethane cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Vinyl Chloride

o-Xylene

### EPA TO-14 Aromatics Mixture (14 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

Benzene1,2-Dichlorobenzene1,4-DichlorobenzeneStyreneToluene1,2,4-Trimethylbenzenem-Xylenep-XyleneChlorobenzene1,3-DichlorobenzeneEthylbenzene

### EPA TO-14 CFC/HCFC Mixture (4 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

Halocarbon 11 Halocarbon 113 Halocarbon 12 Halocarbon 114

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

### EPA TO-14 GC/MS Internal Standard (3 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

Bromochloromethane Chlorbenzene - D5 1,4-Difluorobenzene

# EPA TO-14 Internal/Tuning Standard (3 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

Bromochloromethane Chlorbenzene - D5 Bromofluorobenzene

### BTEX Mixture (6 Components, 100 ppb or 1 ppm each in Nitrogen)

Benzene m-Xylene Ethylbenzene o-Xylene Toluene p-Xylene



### **Mobile Emissions Monitoring**

### **ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING**

Airgas® provides a complete range of certified California BAR (Bureau of Automotive Repair) blends for emissions certification, state vehicle inspection and IM testing, and independent testing laboratories. Products include both standard and enhanced emission monitoring gases, multiple component gases for test equipment calibration, and Vehicle Emission Zero Air used prior to every vehicle test. Gases are produced in California BAR-certified facilities using a dynamic blending process that ensures repeatable calibration accuracy.



### **Bar-97 Calibration Gases**

	State auto emissions programs using either 2-speed idle testing or loaded mode testing					
ĺ	Calibration & Audit Gases	Concent	rations			
	Low-Range BAR-97 with Nitric Oxide (NO) Blend Code 32	200 ppm 0.50% 6.0% 300 ppm Balance:	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitric Oxide (NO) (< 3 ppm NO <sub>2</sub> ) Oxygen-free Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )			
	High-Range BAR-97 with Nitric Oxide (NO) Blend Code 35	3200 ppm 8.00% 12.0% 3000 ppm Balance:	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitric Oxide (NO) (< 3 ppm NO <sub>2</sub> ) Oxygen-free Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )			
	BAR-97 Vehicle Emission Zero Air Blend Code 37	<1 ppm <1 ppm <400 ppm <1 ppm 20.9% Balance:	Total Hydrocarbons (THC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitric Oxide (NO) Oxygen (O <sub>2</sub> ) Oxygen-free Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )			
	High-Range BAR-97 Blend Code 34	3200 ppm 8.00% 12.0% Balance:	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Oxygen-free Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )			

# **Bar-90ET & Earlier Calibration Gases**

Used for auto emissions inspection and IM programs using 2-speed idle testing

Calibration & Audit Gases	Concentrations		
Low-Range BAR-90ET Blend Code 11	300 ppm 1.00% 6.0% Balance:	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )	
Mid-Range BAR-90ET Blend Code 12	1200 ppm 4.00% 12.0% Balance:	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> )	
Low-Range BAR-84 Blend Code 13	600 ppm 1.60% 11.0%	Propane (HC) Carbon Monoxide (CO) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Nitrogen (N-)	

Note: For a complete listing of blends and audit standards contact your local Airgas® representative.

# **IM240 NOx Converter Efficiency Test Mix**

A mixture of 200 ppm Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2) in Air, which is used for the weekly check of the NOx converter in a Chemiluminescent analyzer.

+/\_ 100 ppm Blend tolerance: absolute

Analytical tolerance: +/- 2% Expiration date: 12 months

### **IM240 FID CHECK GAS**

The mixture is 50 ppm Methane in Air used for the monthly check of the response of the Hydrocarbon analyzer.

Blend tolerance: +/\_ 5% relative Analytical tolerance: +/\_ 2% relative Expiration date: 36 months

### **IM240 SPAN GAS\***

Components	Balance Gas	Accuracy	Expiration
Carbon Monoxide	Air or Nitrogen	+/_ 2%	36 months
Carbon Dioxide	Air or Nitrogen	+/_ 2%	36 months
Propane	Air only	+/_ 2%	36 months
Nitric Oxide	Nitrogen only	+/_2%	24 months

Analytical results are directly traceable to NIST. Blend tolerance shall be no more than +/- 5% relative.

### **IM240 Audit Gas** IM240 Calibration Gas\*

These products can be single or multicomponent gases with the following limitations:

Components	Balance Gas	Accuracy	Expiration
Carbon Monoxide	Air or Nitrogen	+/_ 1%	36 months
Carbon Dioxide	Air or Nitrogen	+/_ 1%	36 months
Propane	Air only	+/_ 1%	36 months
Nitric Oxide	Nitrogen only	<sup>+</sup> / <sub>-</sub> 1%	24 months

Analytical results are directly traceable to NIST. Blend tolerance shall be no more than +/- 5% relative.

### **IM240 FID OXIDIZER**

A mixture of 18-21% Oxygen in Nitrogen or Argon, used as the oxidant gas for the Hydrocarbon analyzer.

THC < 1 ppm

### **IM240 FID FUEL GAS**

A mixture of 40% Hydrogen in Helium used as the fuel gas for the Hydrocarbon analyzer. Blend tolerance: +/- 2% absolute

THC < 1 ppm

\*IM240 Calibration and Span gases will be supplied with a Certificate of Analysis.



AIRGAS® LASERPLUS™ GASES

**Pure Laser Gases** 

Airgas® offers a complete line of Airgas® Laser*PLUS*<sup>TM</sup> gases. To meet the precise and consistent purity specifications needed for optimal laser performance, we produce our Airgas® Laser*PLUS*<sup>TM</sup> gases under the strictest quality control. Our manufacturing facilities incorporate the highest standards to help ensure that each cylinder meets or exceeds required purity and tolerance levels.



Purity Specifications	Minimum Purity	O <sub>2</sub>	H₂O	THC
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS™</i> Helium	99.998%	-	<5	<1
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ Nitrogen	99.998%	-	<5	<1
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ Carbon Dioxide	99.995%	-	<5	<5
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ Helium Ultra	99.999%	<1	<2	<0.5
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ Nitrogen Ultra	99.999%	<1	<2	<0.5
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ Carbon Dioxide Ultra	99.996%	<10	<5	<1
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS™</i> Argon	99.998%	-	<5	<1
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS™</i> Oxygen	99.98%	-	<5	<1

			Ordering Information	
PRODUCT	Cylinder Size	Volume ft <sup>3</sup>	Cylinder Pressure at 70°F (psig)	Product Number
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™	300	291	2,640	Inquire
Helium	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 580	request.	
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Nitrogen	300	304	2,640	Inquire
Nitrogen	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 580	request.	
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Carbon Dioxide	200	60 lb	838	Inquire
Carbon Bloxide	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 320		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Helium Ultra	300	291	2640	Inquire
Hellulli Ollia	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 580		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Nitrogen Ultra	300	304	2640	Inquire
- Innogon on a	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 580		
Airgas <sup>®</sup> Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Carbon Dioxide Ultra	200	60 lb	2640	Inquire
	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 320		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Argon	300	336	2640	Inquire
Aigon	Individual or batch Certificate of Analysis is available upon request. Standard value outlet: CGA 580			
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ Oxygen	300	337	2640	Inquire
O.Aygun	Individual or batch Certific Standard value outlet: CG	ate of Analysis is available upon A 540	request.	

Technical	Data & Shipping Information
DOT Class	2.2
DOT Label	Nonflammable Gas
ID No.	Helium: UN1046 Nitrogen: UN1066 Carbon Dioxide: UN1013 Argon: UN 1006 Oxygen: UN 1072



Laser Gas Mixtures AIRGAS® LASERPLUS™ GASES
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Product Name	CO <sub>2</sub> (%)	N <sub>2</sub> (%)	He (%)	CO (%)	H <sub>2</sub> (%)	O <sub>2</sub> (%)	Xe (%)
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 201		90				10	
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 302	1.7	23.4	74.9				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 320	4.5	13.5	82				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 321	5	55	40				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 323	6	20	74				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 324	3.4	15.6	81				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 327	6	18	76				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 328	12	12	76				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 331	5	35	60				
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 471	15	2	79		4		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 472	8	16	74	2			
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 475	8	8	82	2			
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 477	8	16	72	4			
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 483	8	60	28	4			
Airgas® LaserPLUS™485	10	23.7	65.1		1.2		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 579	9	18	68.7	4	0.3		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 581	7.5	15	74.25	3	0.25		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 584	8	16	71.6	4	0.4		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 690	4	19	65	6		3	3

	Ordering Information					
PRODUCT	Cylinder Size	Volume* ft <sup>3</sup>	Connection	Product Number		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 201	300	304	590	Inquire		
	200	216	590	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 302	300	258	580	Inquire		
	200	196	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 320	300	259	580	Inquire		
	200	196	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 321	300	268	580	Inquire		
	200	203	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS™</i> 323	300	259	580	Inquire		
	200	196	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 324	300	259	580	Inquire		
	200	196	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS™</i> 327	300	260	580	Inquire		
	200	197	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 328	300	262	580	Inquire		
	200	198	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 331	300	262	580	Inquire		
	200	199	580	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 471	300	262	350	Inquire		
	200	200	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 472	150A	133	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 475	150A	132	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 477	150A	133	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 483	150A	140	350	Inquire		
Airgas® Laser <i>PLUS</i> ™ 485	300	261	350	Inquire		
	200	197	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 579	150A	133	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 581	150A	132	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 584	150A	133	350	Inquire		
Airgas® LaserPLUS™ 690	650RAL	285 (liters)	350	Inquire		

<sup>\*</sup>Actual volume may vary depending on fill pressure



# Think Airgas for Refrigerants

# Refrigerant Gases

Free next day delivery



Airgas Refrigerants, Inc., is the leading, nationwide, refrigerant supplier, offering the widest selection of refrigerants available from coast-to-coast. We provide free next day delivery to anywhere in the contiguous United States. Whether you're looking for out-of-production CFC's such as R-12, R-11 or R-113 or one of the new alternative refrigerants such as R-407A, R-407C, R-407F, R-422D or R-438A, Airgas has what you need.

Call us today and join the thousands of refrigerant buyers across the country who have discovered Airgas for all their refrigerant supply needs.

# **Used Refrigerant Return Programs**

Highest buy-back prices offered



Airgas Refrigerants is an EPA Certified Refrigerant Reclaimer operating multiple state-of-the-art reclamation facilities. We offer the most competitive buy-back prices in the industry, flexible used refrigerant return programs, refrigerant banking plans, refrigerant process and exchange, disposal, analytical testing, cylinder recertification and refurbishing, and much more. Whether you're working on a one time retrofit or maintenance project or you need a program for repeated returns of used refrigerants, Airgas has what you need.

Call us today and discover how easy returning your used refrigerant can be.

# Refrigerant On-Site Services

### Certified Airgas field technicians



Airgas Refrigerants has the capability to reclaim refrigerant to AHRI-700 standards on site. Our patented technologies of our transportable recovery reclamation units RPS and MPS, can return your refrigerant to AHRI-700 purity standards on site at speeds of up to 2,700 pounds per hour. Airgas also provides dehydration and flushing services designed to remove moisture from any refrigerant system regardless of size. Most importantly Airgas Refrigerants' on-site services are run by certified Airgas field technicians who work safely and conscientiously on-site throughout the entire process.

Call us today and partner with Airgas for your refrigerant service requirements.

# Contact an Airgas Representative

www.airgas.com



# Refrigerant Listing

COLOR PMS#	TYPE	CHEMICAL NAME OR COMPONENTS	CONTAINER SIZES (lbs.)	
CFC	EPA Techni	cian Certification required to purchase CFC refrigerants		
021	R-11	Trichlorofluoromethane	30, 100, 200, 650, 1000, 2200	
White	R-12	Dichlorodiflouromethane	15, 30, 50, 145, 1000, 2000	
2975	R-13	Chlorotrifluoromethane	5, 9, 23, 70, 80	
177	R-13B1	Bromotrifluoromethane	10, 50, 150, custom	
124	R-14	Tetrafluoromethane	15, 70	
266	R-113	Trichlorotrifluoroethane	100, 200, 690	
302	R-114	1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	30, 150, 2200	
103	R-500	Dichlorodifluoromethane, Difluoroethane	15, 30, 50, 125, 1000, 1750	
251	R-502	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chloropentafluoroethane	15, 30, 50, 125, 1000, 1750	
3268	R-503	Chlorotrifluoromethane, Trifluoromethane	5, 9, 20, 70, 80, 1200	
HCFC	EPA Techni	cian Certification required to purchase HCFC refrigerants		
352	R-22	Chlorodifluoromethane	15, 30, 50, 125, 1000, 1750	
428	R-123	Dichlorotrifluoroethane	100, 200, 630, 2200	
335	R-124	1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	30, 150, 1750, 2000	
177	R-401A	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chlorotetrafluoroethane	30, 125, 1700	
124	R-401B	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chlorotetrafluoroethane	30, 125, 1700	
461	R-402A	Chlorodifluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane	27, 110	
385	R-402B	Chlorodifluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane	13	
248	R-408A	Trifluoroethane, Chlorodifluoromethane	24, 100	
465	R-409A	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chlorotetrafluoroethane	30, 125	
none	R-412A	Chlorodifluoromethane, 1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane and Octafluoropropane	4.4	
4545	R-414B	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chlorodifluoroethane, Chlorotetrafluoroethane	25	
381	R-416A	1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	25, 125	
HFC	No EPA Tec	chnician Certification needed to purchase HFC refrigerants	1	
428	R-23	Trifluoromethane	9, 20, 70	
424	R-116	Hexafluoroethane	26, 90, 95	
2975	R-134a	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	30, 125, 1000, 1750	
021	R-404A	Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Trifluoroethane	24, 100, 800, 870, 1300	
368	R-407A	Difluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	25, 100	
156	R-407B	Difluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	25, 100	
471	R-407C	Difluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	25, 115, 1550	
507	R-410A	Pentafluoroethane, Difluoromethane	25, 100, 850, 1350, 1450	
354	R-417A	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Pentafluoroethane	25, 110, 950	
128	R-422A	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Pentafluoroethane	24, 100	
375	R-422D	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Pentafluoroethane	25, 110	
292	R-423A	Tetrafluoroethane, Heptafluoropropane	125, 1800	
3405	R-427A	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Pentafluoroethane	25, 100	
2727	R-438A	Difluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane, 1, 1, 1, 2-Tetrafluoroethane, n-Butane, Isopentane	25, 100	
326	R-507	Pentafluoroethane, Trifluoroethane	25, 100, 800, 840, 1400	
none	R-508A	Trifluoromethane, Hexafluoroethane	4.4, 10, 82	
302	R-508B	Trifluoromethane, Hexafluoroethane	10, 20, 70	



# PROCESS CHEMICALS

# Precise Packaging. Unrivaled Experience.



# The chemicals you need. Packaged for your process. Delivered with safety and precision. You'll find it all at Airgas.

Airgas has long been recognized as the leading U.S. distributor of industrial, medical and specialty gases, welding goods and safety products. Our best-kept secret is our comprehensive Process Chemical product offering. This is increasingly important because of recent changes in the way chemical users purchase and store these reactive products. Key factors that have led to supply chain changes include more stringent environmental regulations and storage restrictions required by the Department of Homeland Security. Airgas' broad product and package offering, distribution capabilities and supply chain programs translate into unmatched versatility in delivering exactly the chemical you need, in the quantities needed, where and when you need them. In addition, our technical expertise and dedication to safety provide customers with the right risk management solution.



# The right expertise to meet ever-changing needs.

Airgas has been meeting the process chemicals needs of industry for nearly 20 years with the widest range of process chemicals packaging available and an extensive nationwide distribution system. Our supply chain management expertise will help you comply with the latest risk management regulations unique to your industry or facility.

# The right process chemicals where and how you need them.

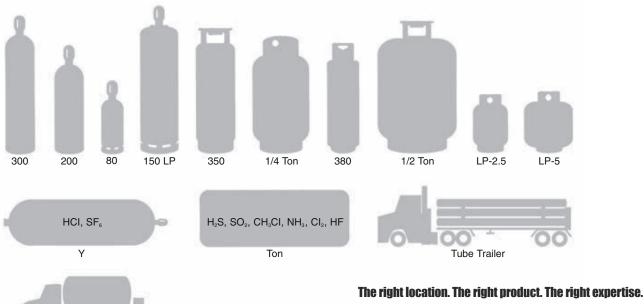
For companies requiring less-than-railcar quantities, Airgas provides a broad range of top-quality process chemicals. With more than two dozen package sizes and the ability to provide custom packaging, we can meet virtually any need. And with Airgas' supply chain management capabilities, there's no need to store large quantities of chemicals on site. You get exactly what you need, in the package size you need, delivered right where you need it.

# Airgas offers more than 30 process chemicals, including:

- Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>)
- Chlorine (Cl<sub>2</sub>)
- Chlorine Dioxide (ClO<sub>2</sub>)
- Ethyl Chloride (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Cl)
- Fluorine  $(F_2)$  and derivatives
- Hydrocarbons (a wide variety)
- Hydrocarbon Refrigerants (a wide variety)
- Hydrogen Bromide (HBr)
- Hydrogen Chloride (HCl)
- Hydrogen Fluoride (HF)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S)
- Methylamines (MMA, DMA, TMA)
- Methyl Chloride (CH<sub>3</sub>Cl)
- Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)
- Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>)

Airgas' nationwide Emergency Response infrastructure is the largest response organization in our industry providing support anywhere in the country. Our Engineered Solutions engineering group can design and install partial or turn-key product supply systems with enhanced safety features.

# **Process Chemicals Package Sizes and Capacities**



Tank Truck



# **Hydrocarbon Processing Gases**

Airgas® is a leading supplier of hydrocarbon calibration standards for use in the calibration of laboratory, emission monitoring, and process control instrumentation. Airgas' calibration standards are available as both liquid and gaseous mixtures in minor component ranges from low part-per-million (ppm) to percentage.

# **Liquid and Gaseous Blends**

We can provide liquid or gaseous mixtures in both aluminum and steel cylinders. Gaseous blends, containing condensable components, are normally filled to a pressure which is 75% dewpoint pressure at 70° F unless physical or stability problems dictate a lower percentage. This is designed to prevent condensation problems which may occur as a result of lower temperature conditions. Liquid blends are normally filled by weight and will not exceed the fill density regulations set forth by the DOT(§173.304 (d)). All liquid blends will also be delivered with a 200 psig helium head pressure as standard unless requested by the customer.

# **Packages**

Hydrocarbon calibration blends are available in a variety of steel and aluminum cylinders that are prepared specific to each mixture. We offer specially prepared packages for low concentration or reactive gas mixtures to ensure mixture stability. We also can provide mixtures in a constant-pressure piston cylinder for liquid mixtures that may fractionate.

We provide our gas blend cylinders with a standard diaphragm valve and a CGA outlet recommended by CGA Pamphlet V-7. All liquid cylinders come with a dip tube and a helium head pressure to allow for efficient liquid withdrawal.

# Standard Low Pressure Cylinder with Single-Port Valve and Dip Tube

These mixtures are usually blended gravimetrically. The headspace is then pressurized with an inert gas, normally helium. Liquid is then drawn from the bottom of the cylinder through the dip tube. This type of cylinder/valve combination is recommended for mixtures containing components having low volatility.

### Standard Low Pressure Cylinder with Dual-Port Valve

A dual-port valve allows the cylinder to be pressurized at your site. The valve contains an inlet valve that allows a helium or nitrogen supply to be connected. The advantage of the dual-port valve is that the head space pressure can be maintained as the liquid is drawn off. This prevents the more volatile components from moving to the head space, and provides a constant delivery pressure. It is recommended for mixtures where the components all have low volatility.

# **Piston Cylinder**

Mixtures are prepared gravimetrically. Pressure is maintained by pressurizing one side of the piston with an inert gas, normally helium. The floating piston effectively separates the inert gas from the liquid mixture. The constant pressure on the piston prevents the lighter components from volatilizing, thus providing the most accurate and consistent liquid standards.





### **HYDROCARBON PROCESSING GASES**

### Liquid and Gaseous Hydrocarbon Standards

1-Butanol
1-Butene
1-Butyl Alchohol
1-Chloro-2-Propanol
1-Chloro-2,2-Difluoroethylene
1-Chloro-2,2,2-Trifluoroethane
1-Chloropropane
1-Chloropropylene
1-Chlorobutane
1-Decene
1-Dodecene
1-Hexene
1-Methoxy-2-Propanol

1-Methoxy-2-Propanol 1-Methoxy-2-Propyl Acetate 1-Methyethylbenzene 1-Methylpropylbenzene 1-Nonene

1-Octene
1-Pentene
1-Propanol
1-Propoxy-2-Propanol
1,1-Dichloroethane
1,1-Difluoroethylene
1,1-Difluoroethylene
1,1-Difluoroethylene

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane 1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane

1,1,2-Trichloroethale 1,1,2-Trichloroethylene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,2-Butadiene 1,2-Dibromoethane 1,2-Dichloropropane

1,2-Dibromoethane
1,2-Dichloropropane
1,2-Dichlorobenzene
1,2-Dichloroethane
1,2-Ethanedithiol
1,2-Propadiene
1,2,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

1,2,2,2-letrachloroethane
1,2,3-Trichloropropane
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
1,3-Butadiene
1,3-Cyclopentadiene
1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
1,4-Butanediol
1,4-Dichlorobenzene
1,4-Diethylbenzene
1,4-Dioxane
1,4-Pentadiene

2-Butanol
2-Chloro-1,3-Butadiene
2-Chloroethylvinylether
2-Chloropropane
2-Ethyl-1-Butene
2-Fluoropropane
2-Hexene
2-Methyl-1-Butene

1H-indene

1-Nonene

2-Methyl-1-Pentene
2-Methyl-2-Butene
2-Methyl-2-Pentene
2-Methyl-2-Propanethiol
2-Methylpentane
2-Methylbutane
2-Methylbutane
2-Methylhexane
2-Propanol
2-Propyl Mercaptan

2-Propanol 2-Propyl Mercaptan 2.2-Dichloroethanol 2,2-Dimethylpentane 2,2-Dimethylbutane 2.2-Dimethylpropane 2,2,3-Trimethylbutane 2,2,3-Trimethylpentane 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 2,3-Dimethylbutane 2,3-Dimethylpentane 2,3-Dimethylbutane 2,3,3-Trimethylpentane 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane 2,4-Dimethylpentane 2,4-Pentanedione 3-Chloropropylene 3-Methyl-1-Butene 3-Methyl-cis-2-Pentene 3-Methyl-trans-2-Pentene 3-Methylpentene

3,3-Dimethylpentane
4-Bromofluorobenzene
4-Methyl-cis-2-Pentene
4-Methyl-trans-2-Pentene
4-Vinyl-1-Cyclohexene
5-Ethylidene-2-Norbornene
5-Vinyl-2-Norbornene
Acetaldehyde
Acetic Acid

3-Methylhexane

3-Methylpentane

3-Methylthiophene

Acetic Acid
Acetone
Acetonitrile
Acetylene
Acrolein
Acrylic Acid
Acrylonitrile
Allene
Allyl Alchohol
Allyl Chloride
alpha-Methylstyrene
Ammonia

Amylmethyl Ether
Argon
Arsine
Benzaldehyde
Benzene
Benzylchloride
Biphenyl
Bromobenzene
Bromodichloromethane
Bromochloromethane

Bromoethane

Bromoform
Bromomethane
Bromotrifluoromethane
Butylacetate

Butylacrylate

Butylaldehyde
Butylbenzene
Butylglycol
Butylmercaptan
Carbon Dioxide
Carbon Disulfide
Carbon Monoxide
Carbonyl Fluoride
Carbonyl Fluoride
Carbonyl Sulfide
Chlorbenzene
Chlorodibromomethane
Chlorodifluoroethane
Chlorodifluoromethane

Chloroethane
Chloroethylene
Chloroform
Chloromethane
Chloromethyl Methyl Ether
Chloropentafluoroethane
Chloropentafluoromethane
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

cis-1,3-Pentadiene cis-2-Butene cis-2-Hexene cis-2-Octene cis-2-Pentene cis-3-Hexene Crotonaldehyde

Cumene
Cyanogen
Cyanogen Chloride
Cyclobutene
Cyclohexane
Cyclohexanone
Cyclopentane
Cyclopentene
Decafluorobutane
Decutorium

Deuterium Dibromochloromethane Dibutyl Sulfide Dichlorodifluoromethane

Dichlorofluoromethane
Dichloromethane
Dichlorotetrafluoroethane
Dichlorotrifluoroethane
Dicyclopentadiene
Diethyl Disulfide
Diethyl Ether
Diethyl Sulfide

Diethyl Ether
Diethyl Sulfide
Diethyleneglycolethyl Ether
Diethyl Ketone
Difluoromethane
Diisobutylene
Diisopropyl Ether
Diisopropylamine

Dimethylacetylene Dimethyl Disulfide Dimethyl Ether Dimethylformamide Dimethyl Sulfide Dimethylacetamide Docosane

Dodecane Ethane Ethanol Ethylacetate Ethylacetylene Ethylacrylate Ethylalchohol Ethylbenzene Ethylbromide Ethylchloride Ethylcyclopentane Ethyl Disulfide Ethylisobutyl Ketone Ethylmercaptan Ethylmethyl Sulfide Ethyltertbutyl Ether Ethylbenzene Ethylene Ethylene Dichloride Ethylene Oxide

Formaldehyde
Furan
Helium
Heptane
Hexachloro-1,3-Butadiene
Hexafluoro-1,3-Butadiene
Hexafluoroethane
Hexamethyldisiloxane

Ethylene Sulfide

Hexane
Hexylaldehyde
Hydrogen
Hydrogen Bromide
Hydrogen Chloride
Hydrogen Cyanide
Hydrogen Sulfide
Isobutane
Isobutene
Isobutylene
Isobutyraldehyde
Isooctane

Isopropyl Ether
Isopropyl Mercaptan
Isopropylnitrate
Isopropylacetate
Krypton
m-Xylene
Methacrolein
Methane
Methanthiol
Methanol

Isopentane

Isopropanol

Isopropyl Alchohol

Isoprene



### Liquid and Gaseous Hydrocarbon Standards

### **HYDROCARBON PROCESSING GASES**

Methylacetate Methylacetylene Methylacrylate Methyl Alchohol Methylbromide Methylbutylketone Methylchloride Methylcyclohexane Methylcyclopentane Methylethylketone Methylformate Methyliodide Methylisobutyl Ketone Methylmercaptan Methylmethacrylate Methylpentyl Ketone Methylphenyl Ketone Methylpropyl Ketone Methylpyrollidine Methylsalicylate Methyltertbutyl Ether Methyltrichlorosilane Methylvinyl Ether Methylvinyl Ketone Methylcyclopentane Methylenebromide Methylenechloride

Methylformate

n-Butane n-Butanol n-Butylbenzene n-Decane n-Heptane n-Nonane n-Octane n-Pentane n-Propanol n-Propylbenzene n-Propylmercaptan N,N-Dimethylaniline neo-Hexane Neon neo-Pentane Nitric Oxide Nitrogen Nitrogen Dioxide Nitrogen Trifluoride Nitrous Oxide Nonane o-Xvlene

**Octane** 

Octafluorocyclobutane Octafluoropropane Oxygen Oxygen Difluoride p-Isopropyltoluene Tetrafluoromethane

p-Xylene Pentadecane Pentafluoroethane Perchloroethylene Perfluoropropane Propadiene Propane Propionaldehyde Propylacetate Propylmercaptan Propylbenzene Propylene Propylene Oxide Silicon Tetrafluoride Styrene Sulfur Dioxide Sulfur Hexafluoride Sulfur Tetrafluoride tert-Butvlalchohol tert-Butylbenzene tert-Butvlchloride tert-Butvlmercaptan Tetrabromomethane Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene Tetradecane Tetrafluoroethane

Tetrahydrofuran Tetrahydrothiophene Thiophane Thiophene Toluene trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-2-Butene trans-2-Hexene trans-2-Octene trans-2-Pentene trans-3-Hexene Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane Trichloromethane Tridecane Triethylamine Trifluoromethane Tungsten Hexafluoride Undecane Vinvl Acetate Vinvl Acetylene Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Cyclohexane Vinyl Cyclohexene Vinyl Trimethoxysilane

Water Xenon

# Natural Gas Standards

### **HYDROCARBON PROCESSING GASES**

Typical Natural Gas	Mixtures				
Component Concentration (MOL %)	GPA Gas Reference	High Helium Reference	High Ethane Reference	Low BTU Reference	Daniel Reference
Helium	0.5	0.2 – 2.0			
Hydrogen				14.0	
Argon				1.0	
Nitrogen	5.0	1.6	2.5	Balance	2.5
Carbon Monoxide				12.0	
Carbon Dioxide	1.0	0.3	3.0	5.0	1.0
Methane	Balance	Balance	Balance	0.5	Balance
Ethane	9.0	3.0	3.5		5.0
Acetylene				1.0	
Propane	6.0	1.8	1.0		1.0
Isobutane	3.0	1.0	0.4		0.3
n-Butane	3.0	1.0	0.4		0.3
Isopentane	1.0	0.3	0.15		0.1
n-Pentane	1.0	0.3	0.15		0.1
Neopentane			0.1		0.1
n-Hexane			0.05		0.03
n-Heptane			0.02		
Nominal BTU	1298	1080	1028	114	1051

The following is a list of the more common components used in natural gas standards. While certain mixtures are standard throughout the industry, Airgas prides itself in providing the highest quality, multi-component custom standards to meet the needs and specifications of the individual customer.

We are sorry but this product has been discontinued effective 10/20/2014